



དཔལ་ལྷན་འབྲེལ་གཞུང་། མི་ནུ་མ་དང་ནུ་གལ་ཚུ་ལྟ་བུ་གྲྭ་ནུ་གལ་ ཚུ་ལ་དང་གླིང་ལམ་ཚུ་གལ་རྩོག་ལམ་ལུང་ལ། མངའ་ལཱ་ལྟེ་ནུ་གལ་

ཚུ་ལ་ལོག་ཚང་།

གལ་ལ ལམ་དང་།



ROYAL GOVERNMENT OF BHUTAN
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTS
DEPARTMENT OF FORESTS AND PARK SERVICES
Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang

LOCAL FOREST MANAGEMENT PLAN

CHUDZOM GEWOG

SARPANG DZONGKHAG

Period of the Plan: 01ST JULY 2020 TO 30TH JUNE 2030

PREPARED BY

Sangay Dorji
Senior Forest Ranger I
Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang

AUTHORITY FOR PREPARATION, REVISION AND APPROVAL

PERIOD OF THE PLAN

This Plan is valid for the period of 10 years from 1st July 2020 to 30th June 2030.

AUTHORITY FOR PREPARATION, REVIEW AND APPROVAL

The authority for preparation of this plan was given to Sarpang Forest Division, Department of Forests and Park Services, Ministry of Agriculture and Forest, Royal Government of Bhutan.

APPROVAL

This plan was reviewed and recommended for implementation by Forest Resources Management Division, Department of Forests and Park Services (DoFPS) and approved by the Honourable Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture and Forests, Royal Government of Bhutan.

Prepared by

Checked and recommended for approval:


Sangay Dorji
Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang


Chief Forestry Officer
Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang

Technically reviewed and
Recommended for approval:

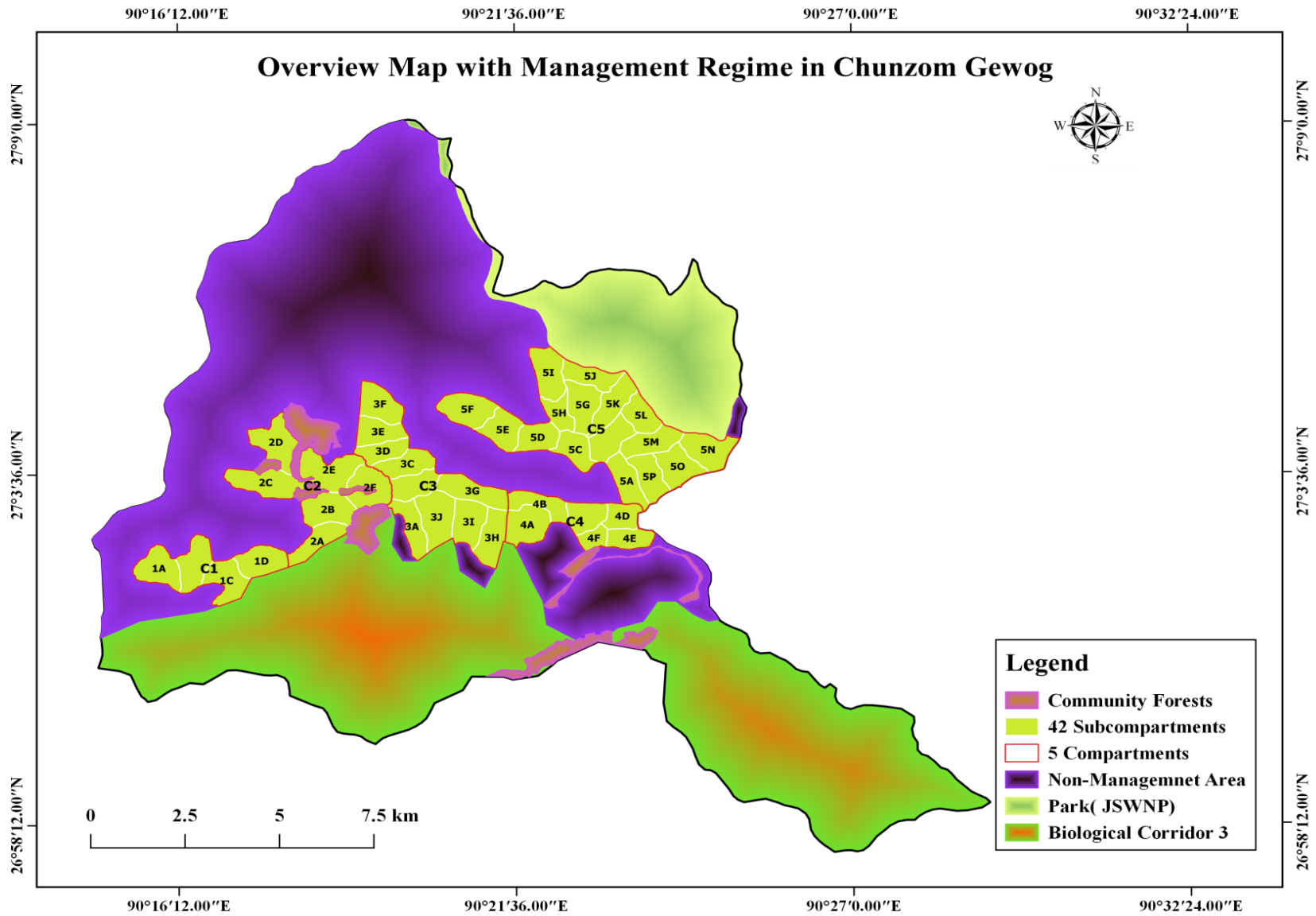
Recommended for approval:

Chief Forestry Officer
Forest Resources Management Division
Department of Forests and Park Services
Date.....

Director
Department of Forests and Park Services
Date.....

APPROVED

Secretary
Ministry of Agriculture and Forests
Date:.....



Summary Results for Forest Management Area: Chudzom

Unit	Area Distribution				
	Non Forest	Protection	Inoperable	Production	Total
ha	868.1	0.0	538.8	2613.3	4020.2
%	22%	0%	13%	65%	100%

Average basal area (m2/ha)	Aver. Stand Volume (m3/ha)	No of operable sample plots
16.1	98	490

Unit	Forest Type Distribution								
	Hemlock	Fir	Spruce	Mix. Con.	Bluepine	Chirpine	Hardwood	Mixed HC	Total
%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%
Unit	Age distribution					Stand type distribution			
	young	immature	mature	Overmature	Total	plantation	natural	coppice	Total
%	13%	73%	13%	1%	99%	0%	100%	0%	100%
Unit	Canopy closure					Condition			
	dense	closed	open	unstocked	Total	good	average	poor	Total
%	5%	72%	18%	5%	100%	13%	74%	12%	99%

Unit	Site Condition								
	Slope			Erosiveness			Soil Cover		
	gentle	moderate	steep	stable	moderate	unstable	high	moderate	Low
%	20%	76%	2%	27%	70%	2%	16%	79%	6%

Unit	Forest Use					
	Intensive Side Uses			Extensive Side Uses		
	grazing	sokshing	lopping	grazing	sokshing	lopping
ha	354.1	6.1	12.5	404.6	0.0	146.1
%	14%	0%	0%	15%	0%	6%

Unit	NWFP Occurrence and Firewood							
	NWFP abundant				NWFP sparse			
	Firewood	Bamboo	Cane	Daphne	Firewood	Bamboo	Cane	Daphne
ha	91.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1122.9	44.3	0.0	54.0
%	3%	0%	0%	0%	43%	2%	0%	2%

Management Options						
Unit	No activity	Improv.	Timber	Firewood	Silvopast.	Shokshing
ha	390.5	302.9	868.8	1466.0	0.0	0.0
%	15%	12%	33%	56%	0%	0%

Potential Production					
Unit	Timber				
	Drashing	Cham	Tsim	Poles,posts	Total
Ntot	10139	6857	283	2976	20255
N/ha	4	3	0	1	8
m3	27568	7415	77	267	35327
m3/ha	10.5	2.8	0.0	0.1	13.5
Unit	Firewood				
	> 49cm	30-49cm	20-29 cm	10-19 cm	Total
Ntot	6601	21686	8444	3018	39749
N/ha	3	8	3	1	15
m3	14768	22039	4703	212	41722
m3/ha	5.7	8.4	1.8	0.1	16.0

Unit	Sivicultural Measures			
	Planting	Thinning	Felling	
ha	130.7	773.4	1298.7	332.5
%	5%	30%	50%	13%

Yield Regulation		
AAC	1968	m3
	0.8	m3/ha
Prod. Potential / AAC	39	years

Table of Content

Page

1. BACKGROUND	1
2. THE FOREST MANAGEMENT AREA	1
2.1. The Area	1
2.2. Forest Type and Condition	2
2.3. Site and Forest Function	1
2.4. Accessibility	1
3. NWFP AND OTHER FOREST USES	1
4. SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA	2
5. FUTURE MANAGEMENT	3
5.1. Management Options	3
5.2. Tree Marking and Silviculture	3
6. YIELD REGULATION	4
7. DEMAND/SUPPLY ASSESSMENT	4
8. MONITORING	6

Annexes

1. Compiled Results by Compartment
2. Compartment Register
3. Overview Map
4. Forest Management Map

1. BACKGROUND

This Forest Management Plan has been prepared by Sangay Dorji, Senior Forest Ranger I, Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang.

Forest Resource Assessment has been carried out by field staff under the direct supervision of the Chief Forestry Officer, Sarpang Forest Division, from 9th March to 27th March, 2020.

It is the objective of this plan to regulate rural wood supply from Chudzom Forest Management Area on a sustainable basis. This plan was also prepared to achieve the target of Annual Performance Agreement (APA) of Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang for the year 2019-2020. It was carried out as a deposit work with the sum of Nu 2,22000.00 as a budget from Jigme Singye Wangchuck National Park(JSWNP).

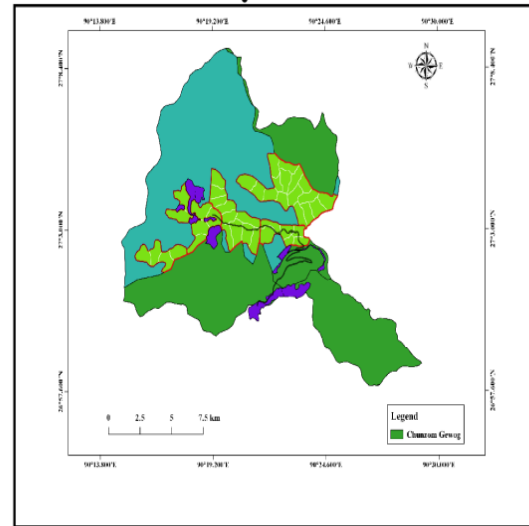
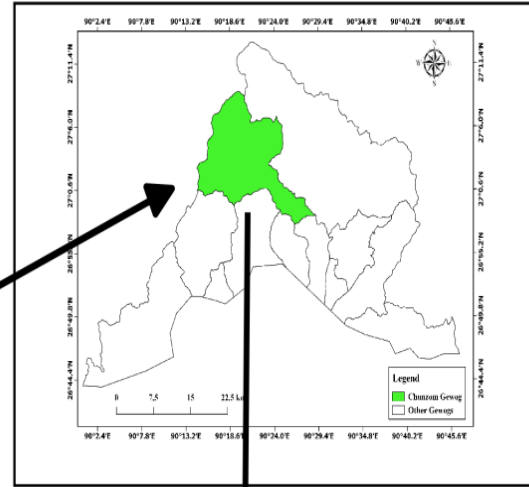
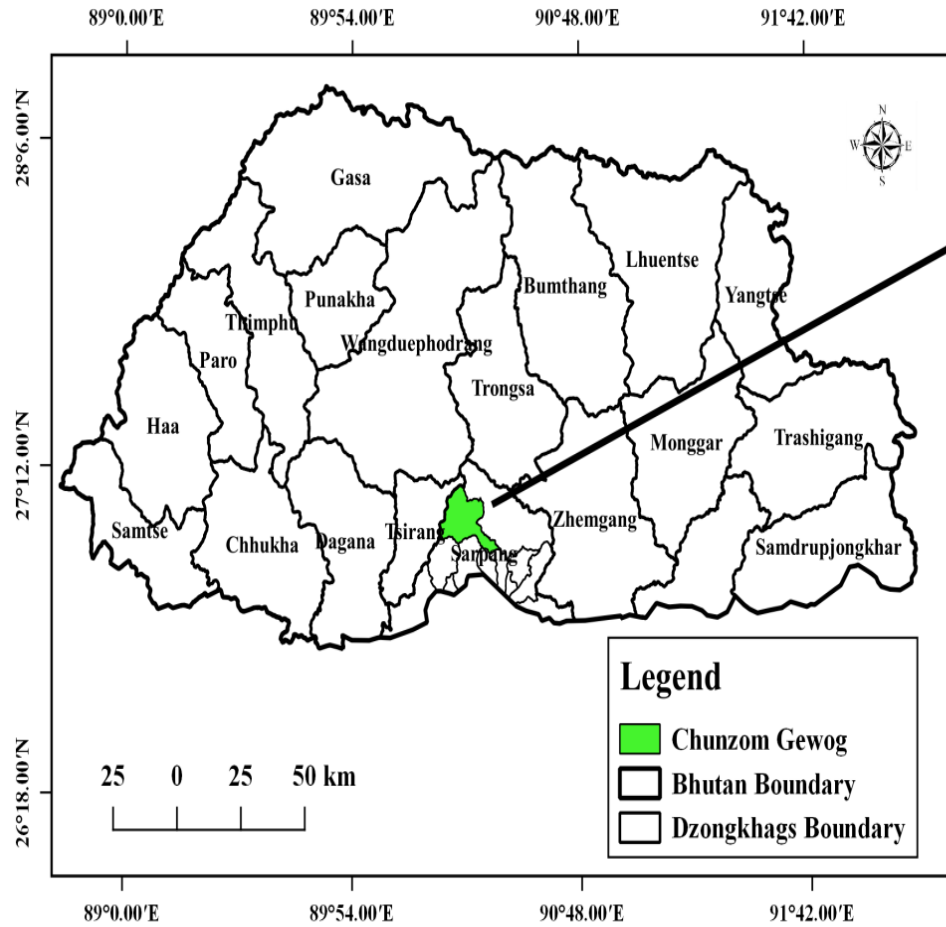
This plan is valid for the period of ten years from **1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2030.**

Location and Extent

Chudzom Geog is one of the remotest geog in Sarpang Dzongkhag situated at 90°34'12.57" E and 27°05' 08.37"N. Tsirang Dzongkhag lies to the north, Trongsa Dzongkhag towards its east, Gakiling geog towards its west and Dekiling and Samtenling and Gelephu geog towards its south. Chudzom Gewog has total area of 22026.79 Ha of which **6208.47** Ha will be managed under this management plan.

Land use	Area(ha)	Percentage Area
Broadleaf	20769.4	94.29%
Mixed Conifer	41.55	0.19%
Chhuzhing	265	1.20%
Kamzhing	442.06	2.00%
Landslide	85.97	0.39%
Built up	2.08	0.01%
Orchard	3.12	0.14%
Rocky Outcrops	0.72	0.00%
Shurbs	329.87	1.50%
Rivers	61.67	0.28%
		100%

Chunzom Gewog Location Map



1. THE FOREST MANAGEMENT AREA

1.1. The Area

The Forest Management Area covers the whole forested land of the Chudzom Geog without the alpine forests. Furthermore, areas which are already managed for another purpose are also excluded from this plan; Other management areas are Jigme Singye Wangchuck National Park, Biological corridor (BC-3) and Community Forests (CF) which are the following:

Areas excluded from the management plan

Chudzom Geog comprises total area of 22027 ha

Management Regimes	Name	Area (ha)
Protected area	JSWNP	1830.17
Biological corridor	BC 3	7106.42
Community Forest	1) Lhayul Community Forest	382.69
	2) Bichkhola Community Forest	107.64
	3) Pelzom Community Forest	202.09
Others	1) Non-Management Area	8492.48
	2) Management area	3905.3
Total		22026.79

The total forest management area is ha, which comprises of:

Area (ha)	Type
2188.32	Protection Zones
538.8	Inoperable Areas
868.0	Non-Forest Area
2613.30	Production Areas
6208.47	Total

1.2. Forest Type and Condition

The Forest Management Area lies in the broad leaf zone. The distribution of the forest types is shown in the graph below. The general condition of the forest is good to average, close to villages; and the forest condition is poorer due to intensive use.

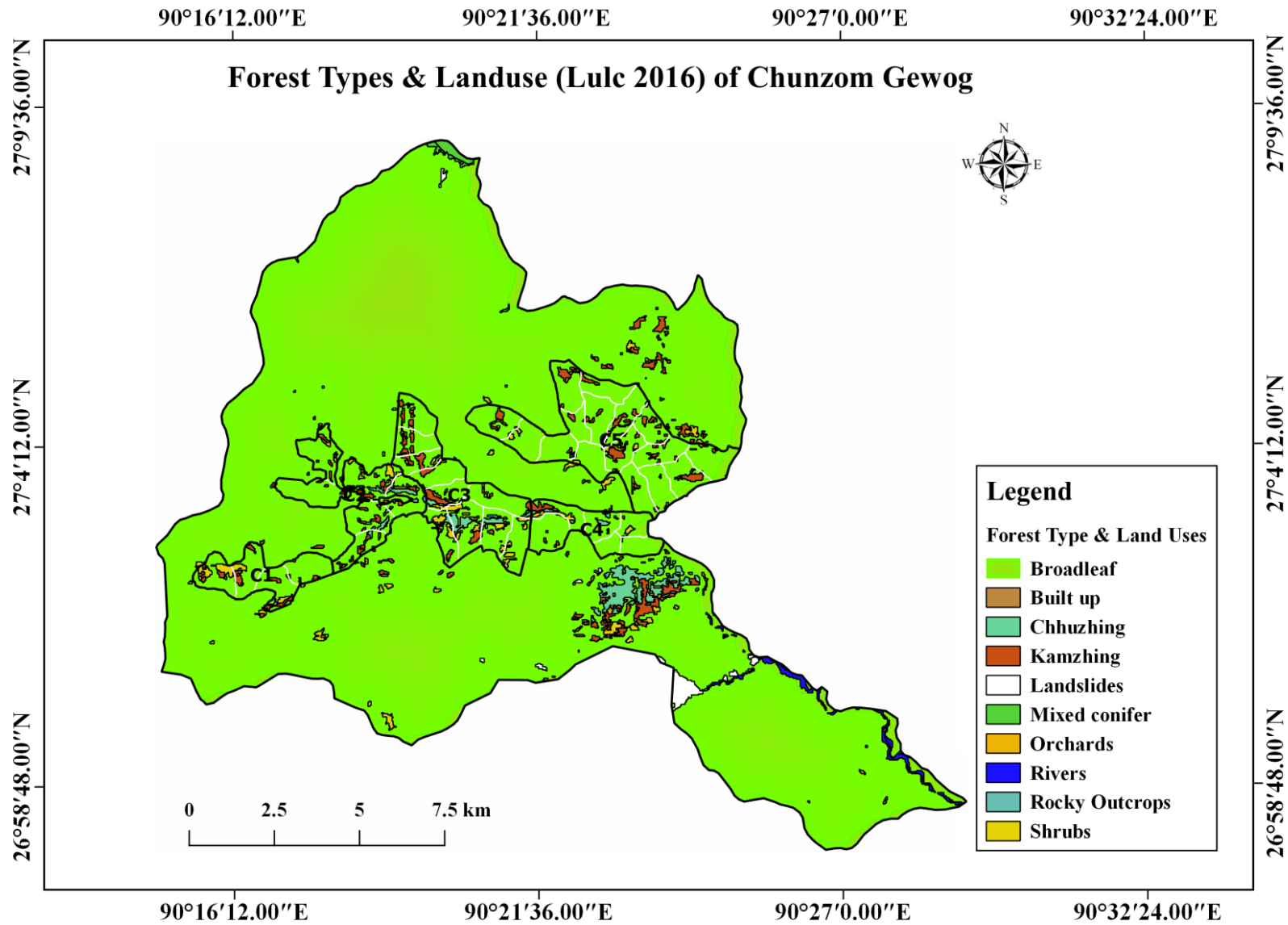
Forest type distribution as well as forest condition and canopy closure per compartment can be derived from the respective sheet in Annex 1.

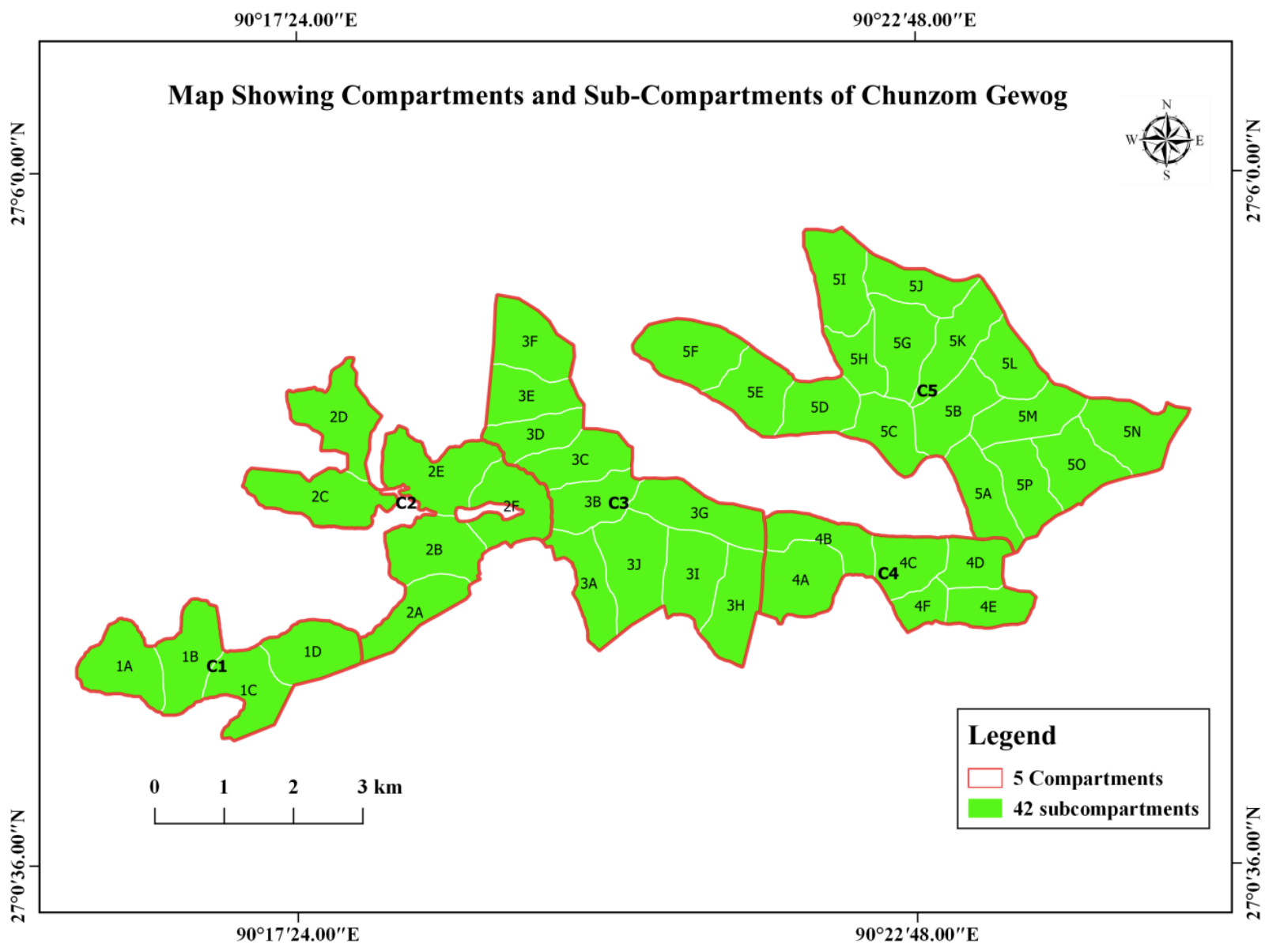
The average standing volume is only 78 m³/ha and the average basal area is 16.1 m²/ha.

The forests are immature (73%) to mature (13%).

The Chudzom Forest Management Area Comprise of 94.29 % Broad leaf forest types.

Land use	Area(ha)	Percentage Area
Broadleaf	20769.4	94.29%
Mixed Conifer	41.55	0.19%
Chhuzhing	265	1.20%
Kamzhing	442.06	2.00%
Landslide	85.97	0.39%
Built up	2.08	0.01%
Orchard	3.12	0.14%
Rocky Outcrops	0.72	0.00%
Shurbs	329.87	1.50%
Rivers	61.67	0.28%
		100%



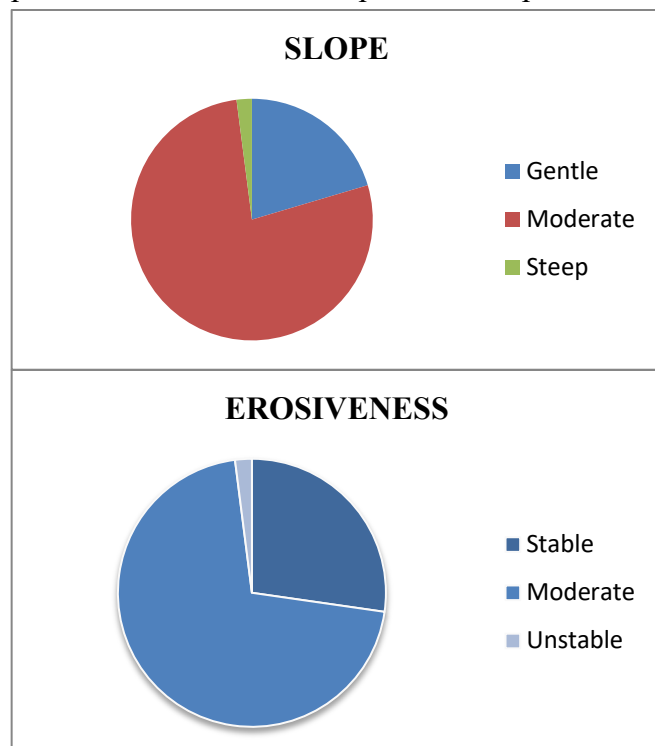


1.3. Site and Forest Function

The average site condition is shown in the table below, the site condition for individual compartments or sub-compartments can be derived from Annex 1.

Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Stability	%
Gentle	20	Stable	27	High	16
Moderate	76	Moderate	70	Moderate	79
Steep	2	Unstable	2	Low	6

The forest management area comprises in general gentle to moderate. In the western part there are some steep and rocky areas, which should be exempted from timber allocation (protection zone). Some of the smaller stream are deeply entrenched and are kept as protected area to prevent soil erosion and to protect the riparian zones.



1.4. Accessibility

75% of Chudzom Forest Management area is accessible by farm road and access roads.

2. NWFP AND OTHER FOREST USES

The occurrence of NWFP in the forest management area is shown in the table below, for the distribution by compartment and sub compartment refer to Annex 1 and 2. In addition the location of abundant occurrence of NWFP is indicated in the forest management map.

Occurrence of NWFP and important forest uses

NWFP	Abundant (%)	Sparse (%)	Forest Uses	Intensive (%)	Extensive (%)
Bamboo	00	2	Grazing	14	15
Cane	00	00	Shoksing	0	0
Daphne	00	00	Lopping	0	6

Beside bamboo grows sparsely in the broad leaf of Chudzom. Bamboo is commonly used by the village people of Chudzom geog for basket production and are sold in the local markets.

Grazing is carried out within village intervention zone of the whole forest management area. Intensive grazing appears in the area where cattle are kept openly rearing during daytime and thithered in the evening. Lopping is a common in the immediate vicinity of the settlements.

3. SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA

The following villages and settlements are located in the forest management area:

Village Name	No. of Households	No. of Persons
Jangchubling	161	900
Sherubling	153	765
Gelleghang	97	471
Dragchu	82	536
Lhayul	152	890
Total	645	3562

Rice and maize serves as the main crop for the farmers in the Gewog. The current situation of agriculture développement of the Gewog is 6 acres dry land per household (RNR Stats 2000), 51 %

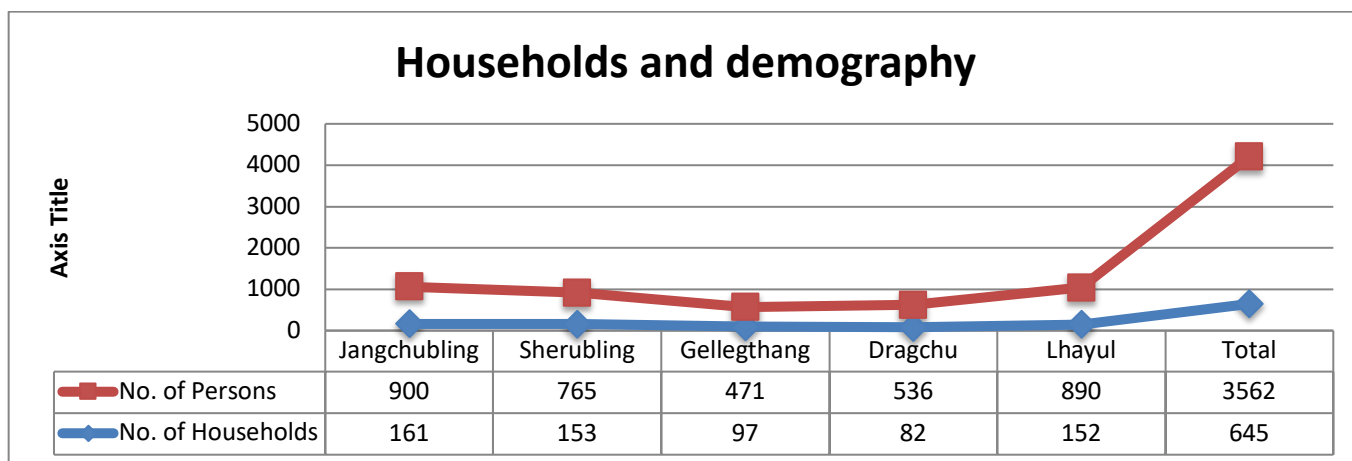
households own wetlands, 1% household with tseri/pangzhing, 10 % landless, 397 Kgs cereal crop

production per households, 997 Kgs rice production and annual average crop production monetary

value of Nu. 28,610 per households.

Other crops grown include millet, mustard, cardamom and orange in agro-climatically suitable areas. Presently, cardamom is the main cash crop of the farmers.

Chudzom geog is rich with vegetation and vastly covered forests, the geog is ideal for rearing of cattles hence livestock is another life line of the Gewog producing enough butter and cheese.

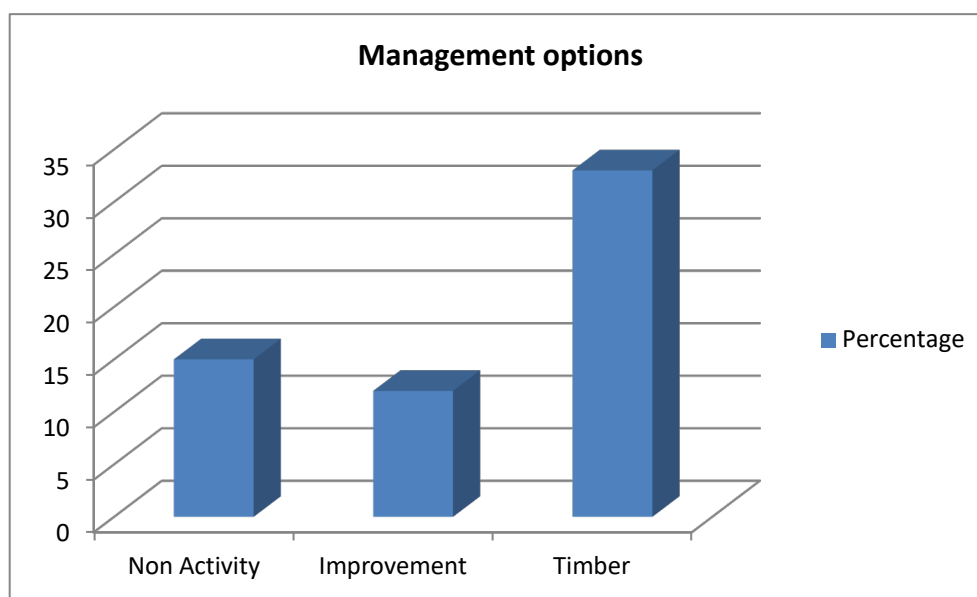


4. FUTURE MANAGEMENT

4.1. Management Options

The dominating forest management option is firewood use. Higher elevations are still rich in timber, but they are quite far away from the villages.

The distribution of management options throughout the forest management area is shown in the graph below. The management option for each individual compartment can be derived from the compartment register and from the forest management map.



4.2. Tree Marking and Silviculture

Tree marking is done in accordance with the “Tree Marking Guidelines” and the “Silvicultural Guidelines” prescribed by the Department of Forests and Park Services

The silvicultural system applied is single tree selection system. The principle of negative selection is applied in all tending and thinning operations. Marking of mature trees for felling is

permitted only, when the immediate vicinity is sufficiently regenerated and the regeneration can grow up (low grazing pressure).

Un-stocked and sparsely stocked parts should be re-planted with principal local species (species selection according to prevalent broad leaf forest type).

5.3 Scientific Thinning Guidelines for Broad Leaf Forest is incorporated in tally sheet.

5. YIELD REGULATION

The sustainable annual allowable cut AAC_{sust.} for the management area is calculated as follows:

$$\text{AAC sust.} = 77049.00/130\text{years.} = \mathbf{1976 \text{ m}^3/\text{year}}$$

Taking into account the forest type distribution the average production period for the forest management area is years. The total standing volume is **77049 m³**.

The overall production potential as determined by the forest resources assessment is 9417m³

Dividing the overall production potential by the planning period of 10 years gives the silvicultural

AAC:

$$\text{AAC}_{\text{silv.}} = \text{total production potential} / 130 \text{ years} = \mathbf{1976 \text{ m}^3/\text{year}}$$

As the AAC _{sust.} is lower than the AAC _{silv.} The AAC is fixed at the level of the AAC _{sust.}

The Annual Allowable Cut for the Chudzom Forest Management area is fixed at 1976 m³

6. DEMAND/SUPPLY ASSESSMENT

The rural wood demand of the geog (excluding the extraordinary supply for e.g. Dzong renovation,

etc.) has been calculated as the average of the actual wood allotment from 2020 to 2030. The data

were derived from the “geog register” of the Divisional Forest Office.

The annual timber supply potential is calculated by dividing the total production potential (in number of trees) by the number of years it will take to use up the production potential with the fixed AAC.

Timber demand/supply scenario in number of trees

Product	Total Production Potential	Silvicult. Annual Potential	Sustainable Annual Supply Potential*	Annual Demand	Demand - Supply
Drashing/shingleps	10139	10139	10139	550	+463
Chams	6857	6857	6857	400	+286
Tsims	283	283	283	120	-96
Poles	2976	2976	2976	550	-252

*Remark: the total production potential divided 39 years

Drashing can be supplied from the forest management area at rational means for the planning period

of 10 years, there is inadequate tsims and poles available for supply and it is usually utilized here for

fencing of cardamom orchard in Chudzom geog.

Year	Volume (cubic feet)
2018	20000.00
2019	31500.00

Firewood demand is calculated in truckloads. To compare it with the supply potential it has to be converted into standing volume equivalent. The conversion factor applied is:

1 truckload is equivalent to 8 m³ standing volume.

Data collected from Resource Allocation Unit, DFO Office, Sarpang.

Firewood Demand/Supply Scenario in m³

Total Production Potential (Volume_{tot})	Annual Supply Potential*	Annual Demand	Demand -Supply
39749	3975	3936	+39

*Remark: the total production potential divided 39 years

The annual supply potential is considerably higher than the average annual demand of firewood of the last 10 years.

Whenever possible the wood demand of one village should be allotted from the corresponding village intervention zone (compartment).

7. MONITORING

Monitoring is important for the control of the AAC. Each tree, which is marked for felling shall be recorded in the tree marking book.

It is also important to:

1. Ensure utilization of subsidized timber for the genuine purposes for rural house building only.
2. Plan rural marking activity consistently as per the schedule duly approved by DT, which spells rural marking activity to be carried out annually.
3. Conduct rural timber utilization monitoring regularly as per the Forest and Nature Conservation Rules and Regulation, 2017.
4. Maintain comprehensive data so as to facilitate monitoring efficiently

**Area Distribution, Basal Area and No. of Sample Plots for Forest Management Area:
Chudzom**

Comp	Sub-Compartment		Area Distribution (ha)					BA (m ² /ha)	No. of Plots
			Non Forest Area	Protection	Inoperable	Production	Total		
No.	No.	Name							
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west				81.25	81.25	10.3	3
3	3(b)	Moukhola North				31.5	31.5	15.2	5
3	3(c)	Moukhola west			37.5	50	87.5	36	4
3	3(d)	Moukhola	18.8		10.7	14.3	43.8	33	4
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	62.5		17.9	7.1	87.5	30	4
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	31.3		18	43.25	92.55	21.7	7
3	3G)	Gelethang top				100	100	17.8	16
3	3(h)	Ramathi south				125	125	14.4	20
3	3(i)	Noonpani west				68.8	68.8	10.3	13
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	50		19.2	12	81.2	22	5
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	31.3		20.1	36.2	87.6	10.4	9
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	25			75	100	16.3	12
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	21			110.3	131.3	12.4	21
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	50		32.6	61.6	144.2	17.6	15
2	2 (E)	Bechkhola	15			78.8	93.8	8.7	21
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	12.5			25	37.5	12.3	6
1	1(A)	Phedey	31.3		23.8	76.6	131.7	14.3	16
1	1(B)	Phedey	31.25		20.8	54.2	106.25	14.6	13
1	1(C)	Phedey	25		25	50	100	26.7	12
1	1(D)	Phedey	31.3		25.8	92.9	150	17.8	18
1	1 (E)	Phedey	31.3		21.6	34.6	87.5	12	8
4	4 (A)	Gungring(Gelethang)	12.5		10.8	70.4	93.7	18.5	6
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gelethang)	6.3		3.8	33.8	43.9	5.1	9
4	4 (C)	Bechkhola	18.8		12.5	25	56.3	14	6
4	4 (D)	Gelethang				25	25	17.5	4
4	4{E}	Gelethang				43.8	43.8	19.1	7
4	4(F)	Gelethang				50	50	21.3	8
5	5(A)	Patibara	12.5		10.9	76.6	100	17	14
5	5(B)	Sherubling	68.8		30.9	25.9	125.6	11.6	9
5	5 (C)	Sherubling	12.5		12.5	56.3	81.3	20.2	9
5	5(D)	Sherubling	6.3		5.9	87.9	100.1	15.7	15
5	5(E)	Noonpani	12.5		11.4	113.6	137.5	14.4	20
5	5(F)	Noonpani	37.5		28.5	90.3	156.3	14.1	19
5	5(J)	Norbugang	43.8		24.6	31.6	100	15.6	9
5	5(K)	Sherubling	50		25	25	100	12	8
5	5(M)	Sherubling				43.8	43.8	16.6	7
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	43.8		31.5	81	156.3	12.4	18
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	43.8		29.8	63.9	137.5	15.2	15

5	5 (P)	Mongarling C	6.3		5.6	50.6	62.5	13.8	9
5	5 (G)	Thongjabee area	18.8		16.3	108.7	143.8	22.3	20
5	5 (H)	Thongjabee area				62.5	62.5	17.2	10

Comp		Sub-Compartment		Area Distribution (ha)				BA	No. of Plots
No.	No.	Name	Non Forest Area	Protection	Inoperable	Production	Total	(m2/ha)	
1		Phedey	150.15		117	308.3	575.45	17.2	67
2		Tirkhola	154.8		52.7	386.9	594.4	13.0	84
3		Jangchubling	162.6		103.3	533.2	799.1	17.4	81
4		Gelethang	37.6		27.1	248	312.7	16.8	40
5		Sherubling	362.9		238.7	1136.9	1738.5	16.1	218
Total per Gewog			868.05		538.8	2613.3	4020.15	16.1	490
5	5 (I)	Chunithang				150	150	15.3	24
5	5 (L)	Sherubling	6.3		5.8	69.2	81.3	18.7	12

Stand Data of Forest Management Area:

Chudzom

Comp No.	Sub-Compartment No.	Name	Production area (ha)	Basal Area (m2/ha)	Volume (m3/ha)	Tot. Volume (m3)	V conifer (%)
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west	81.3	10.3	61.9	5029.4	0.0
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5	15.2	89.4	2816.1	0.0
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50.0	36.0	222.0	11100.0	0.0
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3	33.0	201.9	2887.2	0.0
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1	30.0	194.7	1382.4	0.0
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.3	21.7	134.3	5808.5	0.0
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100.0	17.8	109.4	10940.0	0.0
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125.0	14.4	82.5	10312.5	0.0
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	10.3	61.9	4258.7	0.0
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12.0	22.0	168.8	2025.6	0.0
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	10.4	61.4	2222.7	0.0
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75.0	16.3	98.8	7410.0	0.0
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3	12.4	85.6	9441.7	0.0
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	17.6	109.6	6751.4	0.0
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8	8.7	60.4	4759.5	0.0
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25.0	12.3	72.4	1810.0	0.0
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6	14.3	108.0	8272.8	0.0
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2	14.6	103.7	5620.5	0.0
1	1(C)	Phedey	50.0	26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9	17.8	118.7	11027.2	0.0
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6	12.0	70.1	2425.5	0.0
4	4(A)	Gunring(Gelethang)	70.4	18.5	11.5	809.6	0.0
4	4(B)	Gunring(Gelethang)	33.8	5.1	32.8	1108.6	0.0
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25.0	14.0	89.9	2247.5	0.0
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25.0	17.5	126.1	3152.5	0.0
4	4{E}	Gelethang	43.8	19.1	128.2	5615.2	0.0
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50.0	21.3	141.9	7095.0	0.0
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6	17.0	115.6	8855.0	0.0
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	11.6	71.0	1838.9	0.0
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3	20.2	134.6	7578.0	0.0
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	15.7	100.6	8842.7	0.0
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	14.4	91.5	10394.4	0.0
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	14.1	97.2	8777.2	0.0
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6	15.6	98.9	3125.2	0.0
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25.0	12.0	75.4	1885.0	0.0
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8	16.6	93.8	4108.4	0.0
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81.0	12.4	80.6	6528.6	0.0
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	15.2	104.7	6690.3	0.0
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	13.8	88.7	4488.2	0.0
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	22.3	145.7	15837.6	0.0
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	17.2	111.0	6937.5	0.0
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150.0	15.3	104.9	15735.0	0.0
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2	18.7	114.5	7923.4	0.0

Compartment		Production area	Basal Area	Volume	Tot. Volume	V conifer
		(ha)	(m2/ha)	(m3/ha)	(m3)	(%)
1	Phedey	308.3	17.2	88.7	27346.0	0.0
2	Tirkhola	386.9	13.0	83.7	32395.2	0.0
3	Jangchubling	533.2	17.4	106.1	56560.3	0.0
4	Gelethang	248.0	16.8	80.8	20028.4	0.0
5	Sherubling	1136.9	16.1	105.2	119545.5	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total per Gewog		2613.3	16.1	97.9	255875.4	0.0

Forest Type Distribution in Forest Management Area of:

Chudzom

Comp No.	Sub-Compartment	Prod. Area	Forest Type Distribution (in ha)										
	No.		Name	(ha)	He mlock	F ir	Spr uce	Mix. Con.	Blue pine	Chir pine	Hard wood	Mixed HC	Total
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west	81.25								81.3		6.5
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5								31.5		
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50								50.0		
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3								14.3		
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1								7.1		
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.25								43.3		
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100								100.0		
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125								125.0		
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8								68.8		5.5
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12								12.0		
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2								36.2		15.9
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75								75.0		6.0
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3								110.3		
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6								61.6		4.3
2	2 (E)	Bechkhola	78.8								78.8		
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25								25.0		
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6								76.6		
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2								54.2		
1	1(C)	Phedey	50								50.0		4.0
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9								92.9		30.7
1	1 (E)	Phedey	34.6								34.6		17.3
4	4 (A)	Gungring(Gelethang)	70.4								70.4		5.6
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gelethang)	33.8								33.8		
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25								25.0		
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25								25.0		
4	4{E}	Gelethang	43.8								43.8		
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50								50.0		6.5
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6								76.6		76.6
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9								25.9		5.7
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3								56.3		
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9								87.9		
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6								113.6		28.4
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3								90.3		23.5
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6								31.6		7.0
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25								25.0		
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8								43.8		6.1

5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81							81.0		13.8
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9							63.9		8.3
5	5 (P)	Mongarling C	50.6							50.6		11.1
5	5 (G)	Thongjabee area	108.7							108.7		10.9
5	5 (H)	Thongjabee area	62.5							62.5		12.5
5	5 (I)	Chunithang	150							150.0		12.0
5	5 (L)	Sherubling	69.2							69.2		11.8

Compartment		Prod. Area (ha)	Forest Type Distribution (in ha)								Total	
			Hemlock	Fir	Spruce	Mix. Con.	Bluepine	Chirpine	Hardwood	Mixed HC		
1	Phedey	308.3								100%		100%
2	Tirkhola	386.9								100%		100%
3	Jangchubling	533.2								100%		100%
4	Gelethang	248.0								100%		100%
5	Sherubling	1136.9								100%		100%
Total per Gewog		2613.3								100%		100%

Canopy Closure and Condition of Forest Management Area of:

Chudzom

Comp No.	Sub-Compartment No.	Name	Prod. Area (ha)	Canopy closure (ha)					Condition (ha)			
				dense	closed	open	unstocked	Total	good	average	poor	Total
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west	81.25		37.4	18.7	25.2	81.3	6.5	56.1	18.7	81.3
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5		25.2	6.3		31.5		31.5		31.5
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50	12.5	25.0	12.5		50.0	12.5	37.5		50.0
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3		14.3			14.3		14.3		14.3
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1		7.1			7.1		7.1		7.1
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.25		30.7	12.5		43.3	6.1	30.7	6.1	42.8
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100		69.0	31.0		100.0	6.0	66.0	6.0	78.0
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125		112.5	12.5		125.0	50.0	62.5	12.5	125.0
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8		31.6	15.8	21.3	68.8	5.5	47.5	15.8	68.8
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12		9.6	2.4		12.0		12.0		12.0
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2		15.9	20.3		36.2		24.3	11.9	36.2
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75		56.3	12.8	6.0	75.0	31.5	31.5	12.8	75.8
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3		99.3	11.0		110.3		104.8	5.5	110.3
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	4.3	45.0	8.0	4.3	61.6	20.3	41.3		61.6
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8		63.0	15.8		78.8		68.6	10.2	78.8
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25		20.8	4.3		25.0	4.3	20.8		25.0
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6	10.0	62.0	4.6		76.6	14.6	52.9	10.0	77.4
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2	4.3	46.1	4.3		54.7	4.3	46.1		50.4
1	1(C)	Phedey	50		37.5	8.5		46.0	21.0	21.0	8.5	50.5
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9		46.5	46.5		92.9	5.6	72.5	20.4	98.5
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6		17.3	17.3		34.6		21.8	13.1	34.9

4	4(A)	Gungring(Gel ethang)	70.4		70.4			70.4	5.6	59.8	5.6	71.1
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gel ethang)	33.8	3.7	26.4	3.7		33.8		33.8		33.8
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25		20.8	4.3		25.0	4.3	20.8		25.0
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25		18.8	6.3		25.0		25.0		25.0
4	4(E)	Gelethang	43.8	12.7	31.1			43.8		43.8		43.8
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50	19.0	31.5			50.5	6.5	44.0		50.5
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6		76.6			76.6		76.6		76.6
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9		14.5	5.7	5.7	25.9		20.2	5.7	25.9
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3		43.9	12.4		56.3		43.9	12.4	56.3
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	11.4	76.5			87.9	11.4	76.5		87.9
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	11.4	85.2	11.4	5.7	113.6	5.7	96.6	11.4	113.6
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	9.9	75.9	4.5		90.3	4.5	80.4	4.5	89.4
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6		28.1	3.5		31.6		28.1	3.5	31.6
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25		18.8		6.3	25.0	3.3	15.8	6.3	25.3
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8		18.8	12.7	12.7	44.2		25.0	18.8	43.8
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81	4.9	67.2	4.9	4.9	81.8	4.9	72.1	4.9	81.8
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	4.5	59.4			63.9	4.5	59.4		63.9
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	5.6	45.0			50.6	5.6	45.0		50.6
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7		76.1	32.6		108.7	21.7	54.4	32.6	108.7
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5		25.0	25.0	12.5	62.5	6.3	43.8	12.5	62.5
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150	6.0	63.0	57.0	25.5	151.5	43.5	69.0	37.5	150.0
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2		34.6	29.1	5.5	69.2	29.1	34.6	5.5	69.2

Compartment		Prod. Area (ha)	Canopy closure (ha)				Condition (ha)				
			dense	closed	open	unstocked	Total	good	average	poor	Total
1	Phedey	308.3	5%	68%	26%		99%	15%	69%	17%	101%
2	Tirkhola	386.9	1%	78%	19%	3%	100%	14%	75%	10%	100%
3	Jangchubling	533.2	2%	68%	21%	9%	100%	16%	68%	11%	96%
4	Gelethang	248.0	14%	80%	6%		100%	7%	92%	2%	100%
5	Sherubling	1136.9	5%	71%	17%	7%	100%	12%	74%	14%	100%
Total per Gewog		2613.3	5%	72%	18%	5%	100%	13%	74%	12%	99%

Age Distribution and Stand Types in Forest Management Area of:

Chudzom

Co mp No.	Sub- Compartment No.	Name	Prod. Area (ha)	Age distribution					Stand type distribution			
				you ng	imma ture	mat ure	overm ature	To tal	planta tion	natu ral	coo pice	To tal
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west	81.25	6.5	69.1	6.5		82.1		81.3		81.3
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5		31.5			31.5		31.5		31.5
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50		50.0			50.0		50.0		50.0
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3		14.3			14.3		14.3		14.3
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1		7.1			7.1		7.1		7.1
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.25		30.7	12.5		43.3		43.3		43.3
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100		81.0	19.0		100.0		100.0		100.0
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125		93.8	31.3		125.0		125.0		125.0
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	5.5	58.5	5.5		69.5		68.8		68.8
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12		12.0			12.0		12.0		12.0
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	15.9	20.3			36.2		36.2		36.2
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75	6.0	12.8	43.5		62.3		75.0		75.0
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3		110.3			110.3		110.3		110.3

								0.3		3		0.3
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	4.3	49.3	1.8		55.4		61.6		61.6
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8		78.8			78.8		78.8		78.8
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25		25.0			25.0		25.0		25.0
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6		76.6			76.6		76.6		76.6
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2		54.2			54.2		54.2		54.2
1	1(C)	Phedey	50	4.0	16.5	29.0		49.5		50.0		50.0
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9	30.7	62.2			92.9		92.9		92.9
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6	17.3	17.3			34.6		34.6		34.6
4	4(A)	Gunring(Gelethang)	70.4	5.6	64.8			70.4		70.4		70.4
4	4(B)	Gunring(Gelethang)	33.8			33.8		33.8		33.8		33.8
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25		25.0			25.0		25.0		25.0
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25		18.8	6.3		25.0		25.0		25.0
4	4(E)	Gelethang	43.8		12.7	31.1		43.8		43.8		43.8
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50	6.5	25.0	15.0		46.5		50.0		50.0
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6	76.6			6.1	82.7		76.6		76.6
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	5.7	20.2			25.9		25.9		25.9
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3		56.3			56.3		56.3		56.3
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9		76.5	11.4		87.9		87.9		87.9
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	28.4	85.2			113.6		113.6		113.6
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	23.5	66.8			90.3		90.3		90.3
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6	7.0	24.6			31.6		31.6		31.6
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25		22.0	3.3		25.0		25.0		25.0
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8	6.1	37.7			43.8		43.8		43.8
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81	13.8	67.2			81.0		81.0		81.0
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	8.3	55.6			63.9		63.9		63.9
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	11.1	39.5			50.6		50.6		50.6
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	10.9	59.8	38.0		108.7		108.7		108.7

5	5 (H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	12.5	50.0			62.5		62.5		62.5
5	5 (I)	Chunithang	150	12.0	81.0	43.5	12.0	148.5		150.0		150.0
5	5 (L)	Sherubling	69.2	11.8	40.1	17.3		69.2		69.2		69.2

Compartment		Prod. Area (ha)	Age distribution					Stand type distribution			
			young	immature	mature	overmature	Total	plantation	natural	cooperative	Total
1	Phe dey	308.3	17%	74%	9%		100%		100%		100%
2	Tirkhola	386.9	7%	77%	12%		95%		100%		100%
3	Jangchubling	533.2	2%	84%	14%		100%		100%		100%
4	Gelethang	248.0	5%	59%	35%		99%		100%		100%
5	Sherubling	1136.9	20%	69%	10%	2%	100%		100%		100%
Total per Gewog		2613.3	13%	73%	13%	1%	99%		100%		100%

Sub-Compartment		Prod. Area	Slope (in ha)			Erosiveness (in ha)			Soil Cover (in ha)		
No.	Name	(ha)	gentle	moderate	steep	stable	moderate	unstable	high	moderate	low
3(c)	Moukhola west	50	0.0	50.0	0.0	12.5	37.5	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
3(d)	Moukhola	14.3	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.0
3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0
3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.25	18.6	24.7	0.0	12.5	30.7	0.0	12.5	24.7	6.1
3G)	Gelethang top	100	38.0	63.0	0.0	63.0	38.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
3(h)	Ramathi south	125	43.8	81.3	0.0	62.5	62.5	0.0	6.3	93.8	25.0
3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	21.3	47.5	0.0	10.3	58.5	0.0	10.3	53.0	5.5
3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12	2.4	9.6	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	7.2	4.8	0.0
2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	11.9	24.3	0.0	15.9	20.3	0.0	4.0	32.2	0.0
2(B)	Beckkhola	75	0.0	62.3	12.8	37.5	24.8	6.0	24.8	43.5	6.0
2(C)	Beckkhola	110.3	11.0	99.3	0.0	32.0	78.3	0.0	26.5	78.3	5.5
2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	20.3	41.3	0.0	16.6	45.0	4.3	16.6	41.3	4.3
2(E)	Beckkhola	78.8	5.5	73.3	0.0	26.0	52.8	0.0	15.8	57.5	5.5
2(F)	Beckkhola	25	8.3	16.8	0.0	8.3	16.8	0.0	4.3	20.8	0.0
1(A)	Phedey	76.6	14.6	62.0	0.0	19.2	57.5	0.0	19.2	57.5	0.0
1(B)	Phedey	54.2	4.3	46.1	0.0	4.3	41.7	8.1	4.3	46.1	8.1
1(C)	Phedey	50	0.0	41.5	8.5	25.0	21.0	4.0	16.5	29.0	0.0
1(D)	Phedey	92.9	10.2	77.1	5.6	15.8	77.1	0.0	0.0	92.9	0.0
1(E)	Phedey	34.6	13.1	21.8	0.0	17.3	17.3	0.0	4.5	30.4	0.0
4(A)	Gungring(Gel ethang)	70.4	10.6	59.8	0.0	21.8	44.4	0.0	0.0	70.4	0.0
4(B)	Gungring(Gel ethang)	33.8	0.0	33.8	0.0	0.0	33.8	0.0	0.0	33.8	0.0
4(C)	Beckkhola	25	8.3	16.8	0.0	8.3	16.8	0.0	4.3	20.8	0.0
4(D)	Gelethang	25	6.3	18.8	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0
4{E}	Gelethang	43.8	0.0	43.8	0.0	0.0	43.8	0.0	0.0	43.8	0.0

Total per Gewog	2613.3	20%	76%	2%	27%	70%	2%	16%	79%	6%	

Distribution of Management Options for Forest Management Area of: Chudzom

Comp No.	Sub-Compartment No.	Name	Prod. Area (ha)	Management Option (in ha)					
				No activity	Improvement	Timber	Firewood	Silvopast.	Shokshing
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5	6.3	0.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.0
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50	25.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3	21.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1	21.9	0.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	0.0
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.25	10.6	0.0	10.6	10.6	0.0	0.0
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100	6.3	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125	6.3	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	7.2	0.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	9.7	0.0	9.7	19.4	0.0	0.0
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75	8.3	0.0	8.3	16.7	0.0	0.0
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3	7.4	0.0	0.0	89.3	0.0	0.0
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	9.6	0.0	9.6	19.2	0.0	0.0
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25	9.4	0.0	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6	8.2	0.0	82.0	82.0	0.0	0.0
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	1(C)	Phedey	50	8.3	0.0	8.3	16.7	0.0	0.0
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9	8.3	0.0	8.3	25.0	0.0	0.0
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6	10.9	0.0	10.9	21.9	0.0	0.0
4	4(A)	Gunring(Gelethang)	70.4	7.2	28.8	0.0	28.8	0.0	0.0
4	4(B)	Gunring(Gelethang)	33.8	4.9	0.0	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.0
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25	9.4	0.0	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25	6.3	0.0	12.5	18.8	0.0	0.0
4	4{E}	Gelethang	43.8	6.3	0.0	25.0	31.3	0.0	0.0

4	4(F)	Gelethang	50	6.3	0.0	12.5	12.5	0.0	0.0
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6	7.1	0.0	50.0	71.4	0.0	0.0
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	13.9	69.4	13.9	97.2	0.0	0.0
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3	9.0	18.1	45.1	45.1	0.0	0.0
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	6.7	13.3	66.7	46.7	0.0	0.0
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	6.9	13.8	34.4	82.5	0.0	0.0
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	8.2	16.4	41.1	139.8	0.0	0.0
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6	11.1	33.3	22.2	33.3	0.0	0.0
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25	12.5	25.0	25.0	75.0	0.0	0.0
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8	6.3	0.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.0
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81	8.7	17.4	104.2	26.0	0.0	0.0
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	9.2	18.3	64.2	91.7	0.0	0.0
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	6.9	6.9	41.7	48.6	0.0	0.0
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	7.2	35.9	79.1	35.9	0.0	0.0
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	6.3	6.3	18.8	25.0	0.0	0.0
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150	6.3	0.0	18.8	31.3	0.0	0.0
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2	6.8	0.0	27.1	33.9	0.0	0.0

Compartment		Prod. Area (ha)	Management Option (in ha)					
			No activity	Improvement	Timber	Firewood	Silvopast.	Shokshing
1	Phedey	308.3	35.7	0.0	109.5	145.6	0.0	0.0
2	Tirkhola	386.9	53.2	0.0	37.0	154.0	0.0	0.0
3	Jangchubling	533.2	128.1	0.0	10.6	171.0	0.0	0.0
4	Gelethang	248.0	40.4	28.8	59.4	105.7	0.0	0.0
5	Sherubling	1136.9	133.1	274.1	652.3	889.7	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total per Gewog		2613.3	390.5	302.9	868.8	1466.0	0.0	0.0

Production Potential of Forest Management Area: Chudzom

C o m p a r t m e n t N o.	Sub- Compart ment No.	Name	Prod Area (ha)	Vo lu me (m 3/h a)	harv. Volu me (m3/h a)	Ext rac t. Rat e	Timber (Total Volume m3)				Firewood (Total Volume m3)				
							Dra shi ng	C ha m	T si m	Pole s, posts	> 49 cm	30- 49c m	20- 29 cm	10- 19 cm	
3	3(a)	Jangchub ling west	81.3	61. 9	50 29. 4	1507. 0	30. 0%	350	0	0	0	0	812	345	0
3	3(b)	Moukhol a North	31.5	89. 4	28 16. 1	470.0	16. 7%	104	97	0	0	0	170	0	99
3	3(c)	Moukhol a west !	50.0	22 2.0	11 10 0.0	5740. 0	51. 7%	126 3	96 9	0	0	13 02	220 6	0	0
3	3(d)	Moukhol a	14.3	20 1.9	28 87. 2	3785. 0	131 .1 %	0	49	0	0	74	461	320 1	0
3	3(e)	Mou Tasangchu west	7.1	19 4.7	13 82. 4	335.0	24. 2%	0	49	0	0	32	190	44	0
3	3(f)	Mou Tasangchu North	43.3	13 4.3	58 08. 5	806.0	13. 9%	267	0	0	0	71	468	0	0
3	3G)	Gelethan g top	100. 0	10 9.4	10 94 0.0	1628. 0	14. 9%	0	12 0	0	0	22 7	975	306	0
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125. 0	82. 5	10 31 2.5	1823. 0	17. 7%	0	46 1	0	0	0	136 2	0	0
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	61. 9	42 58. 7	1275. 0	29. 9%	296	0	0	0	0	687	292	0
3	3 (J)	Jangchub ling south	12.0	16 8.8	20 25. 6	723.0	35. 7%	83	37	0	0	26 0	258	85	0
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	61. 4	22 22. 7	265.0	11. 9%	73	12 5	0	0	67	0	0	0
2	2(B)	Bechkhol a	75.0	98. 8	74 10. 0	1141. 0	15. 4%	78	26 8	0	112	15 5	413	115	0
2	2(C)	Bechkhol a	110. 3	85. 6	94 41. 7	3925. 0	41. 6%	131 5	0	0	0	14 34	111 8	58	0
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	10 9.6	67 51. 4	1244. 0	18. 4%	68	23 3	0	155	13 5	498	155	0
2	2(E)	Bechkhol a	78.8	60. 4	47 59. 5	1297. 0	27. 3%	331	0	0	0	76 8	198	0	0
2	2(F)	Bechkhol a	25.0	72. 4	18 10.	355.0	19. 6%	0	11 3	0	0	0	242	0	0

5	5(K)	Sherubling	25.0	75.4	1885.0	100.0	5.3%	0	0	0	0	52	48	0	0
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8	93.8	4108.4	687.0	16.7%	0	0	0	0	311	376	0	0
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81.0	80.6	6528.6	1920.0	29.4%	394	0	0	0	767	759	0	0
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	104.7	6690.3	1940.0	29.0%	746	0	0	0	599	595	0	0
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	88.7	4488.2	911.0	20.3%	102	0	0	0	373	436	0	0
5	5(G)	Thongjabe area	108.7	145.7	15837.6	2565.0	16.2%	1881	169	0	0	515	0	0	0
5	5(H)	Thongjabe area	62.5	111.0	6937.5	2249.0	32.4%	1273	0	0	0	685	291	0	0
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150.0	104.9	15735.0	6172.0	39.2%	3880	0	0	0	1553	739	0	0
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2	114.5	7923.4	1201.0	15.2%	505	0	0	0	96	600	0	0

Total per Compartment													
Compartment	Prod. Area	Volume	harv. Volume	Extr act.	Timber (Total Volume m3)				Firewood (Total Volume m3)				
	(ha)	(m3/ha)	(m3/ha)	Rate	Dras hing	Ch am	Tsi m	Poles, posts	> 49cm	30-49cm	20-29 cm	10-19 cm	
1 Phedey	308.3	88.7	9332	34%	2931	1518	57	0	2738	1953	102	33	
2 Tirkhola	386.9	83.7	8227	25%	1865	739	0	267	2559	2469	328	0	
3 Jangchubling	533.2	106.1	18092	32%	2363	1782	20	0	1966	7589	4273	99	
4 Gelethan	248.0	80.8	9717	49%	4450	2117	0	0	311	2759	0	80	
5 Sherubling	1136.9	105.2	31681	27%	15959	1259	0	0	7194	7269	0	0	
0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total per Gewog	2613.3	464.4	77049.0	30%	27568	7415	77	267	14768	22039	4703	212	

**Production Potential of Forest Management Area:
Chudzom**

C o m p N o.	Sub- Comp artme nt No.	Name	Prod. Area (ha)	BA (m 2/h a)	BA ext r. (m 2/h a)	Ext rac t. Ra te	Timber (N total)				Firewood (N total)			
							Dra shin g	C ha m	Tsi m	Pol es, pos ts	> 49 cm	30- 49c m	20- 29 cm	10- 19 cm
3	3(a)	Jangchubli ng west	81.3	10. 3	2.7	26. 0%	88					964	127 3	
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5	15. 2	2.8	18. 4%	53	79				260		141 5
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50.0	36. 0	16. 8	46. 7%	601	78 6			54 2	240 0		
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3	33. 0	15. 7	47. 5%		74				461	320 1	
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1	30. 0	7.8	25. 9%		74	73		11	245	146	
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.3	21. 7	2.4	10. 9%	72				13	556		
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100.0	17. 8	2.6	14. 4%		26 0			75	114 5	101 9	
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125.0	14. 4	2.0	13. 7%		49 6				146 0		
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	10. 3	2.7	25. 9%	74					816	107 7	
3	3 (J)	Jangchubli ng south	12.0	22. 0	9.6	43. 7%	35	30			11 6	310	294	
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2	10. 4	1.0	9.3 %	24	10 1			34			
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75.0	16. 3	2.7	16. 4%	39	35 1		159 2	79	508	382	
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3	12. 4	5.3	42. 3%	518				64 4	967	214	
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	17. 6	3.2	18. 0%	34	30 5		138 4	69	544	498	
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8	8.7	2.6	30. 2%	150				33 3	168		
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25.0	12. 3	5.1	41. 9%		17 3			27 8			
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6	14. 3	5.5	38. 2%	331				75 7			
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2	14. 6	4.4	30. 3%	434	57 6						
1	1(C)	Phedey	50.0	26. 7	5.0	18. 8%	50	36 5			17 4	747	340	472
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9	17.	2.1	12.	47	49	210		13	452		

				8		1%		4			6			
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6	12.0	1.1	9.0%	26	109			36			
4	4(A)	Gungring(Gelethang)	70.4	18.5	0.9	4.9%	78	204			68			
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gelethang)	33.8	5.1	1.0	19.1%					203			424
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25.0	14.0	2.4	16.8%		139			330			
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25.0	17.5	14.2	81.1%	557	236			783			707
4	4(E)	Gelethang	43.8	19.1	8.5	44.3%	496	550			158	393		
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50.0	21.3	10.4	49.0%	893	629			786			
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6	17.0	7.0	41.1%	206	689			689	825		
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	11.6	0.8	6.7%	17				35			
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3	20.2	10.0	49.7%	1083				1179			
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	15.7	5.8	37.2%	1093				737			
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	14.4	2.2	15.2%	246				121	857		
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	14.1	1.6	11.5%	201				181			
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6	15.6	0.4	2.3%	30							
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25.0	12.0	0.6	5.0%					26	39		
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8	16.6	2.4	14.7%					158	366		
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81.0	12.4	3.4	27.6%	157				347	659		
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	15.2	4.1	26.9%	285				236	482		
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	13.8	2.6	18.7%	34				189	354		
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	22.3	2.8	12.6%	568	137			182			
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	17.2	3.9	22.6%	267				286	236		
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150.0	15.3	5.3	34.6%	1159				647	783		
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2	18.7	2.4	13.1%	193				49	603		

Compartment	Prod. Area	BA	BAe	Extr	Timber (N total)				Firewood (N total)			
	(ha)	(m2/	(m2/	Rate	Drash	Cham	Tsi	Poles,	>	30-	20-29	10-19

		ha)	ha)		ing		m	posts	49c m	49cm	cm	cm	
1	Phedey	308.3	17.2	3.7	22%	888	1544	210		1103	1199	340	472
2	Tirkhola	386.9	13.0	3.5	27%	765	930		2976	1437	2187	1094	
3	Jangchubling	533.2	17.4	4.4	25%	923	1799	73		757	8617	7010	1415
4	Gelethang	248.0	16.8	5.7	34%	2024	1758			158	2563		1131
5	Sherubling	1136.9	16.1	3.8	24%	5539	826			3146	7120		
Total per Gewog		2613.3	80.5	21.0	26%	10139	6857	283	2976	6601	21686	8444	3018

Silvicultural Measures for Forest Management Area: Chudzom

Comp No.	Sub-Compartment No.	Name	Production Area (ha)	Sivicultural Measures (in ha)				Sivicultural Measures (in % of area)					
				Planting	Thinning	Felling		Planting	Thinning	Felling			
3	3(a)	Jangchubling west	81.3			40.6	40.6					50	0
3	3(b)	Moukhola North	31.5			6.3	6.3					20	
3	3(c)	Moukhola west !	50.0		12.5	25.0	12.5			25		50	2
3	3(d)	Moukhola	14.3		4.7	4.7	4.7			33		33	3
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1		2.3	2.3	2.3			33		33	3
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.3	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	20		20		20	2
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100.0		50.0	33.0	17.0			50		33	1
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125.0		78.8	31.3	16.3			63		25	3
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8			34.4	34.4					50	5
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12.0	2.0	2.0	6.0	2.0	17		17		50	1
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2			27.2	9.1					75	2
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75.0		32.3	10.5	10.5			43		14	1
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3		62.9	44.1	3.3			57		40	4
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6		30.8	23.4	8.0			50		38	3
2	2 (E)	Bechkhola	78.8		73.3		5.5			93			7
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25.0		8.3	8.3	8.3			33		33	3
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6		36.8	36.8	3.8			48		48	5
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2		26.0	26.0	2.2			48		48	4
1	1(C)	Phedey	50.0		21.5	7.0	7.0			43		14	1
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9		40.9	40.9	10.2			44		44	1

1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6		14.9	11.3	3.8		43	33	1
4	4(A)	Gungring(Gelethang)	70.4	31.0		31.0	7.7	44		44	1
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gelethang)	33.8			16.9	16.9			50	5
4	4(C)	Beckkhola	25.0		8.3	8.3	8.3		33	33	3
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25.0		3.5	18.0	3.5		14	72	1
4	4(E)	Gelethang	43.8		3.9	35.5	3.9		9	81	4
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50.0		8.5	33.0	8.5		17	66	7
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6		19.2	54.4	3.1		25	71	4
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	9.3		14.8	1.8	36		57	7
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3	6.8	13.5	32.7	3.4	12	24	58	6
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	7.0	14.9	62.4	3.5	8	17	71	4
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6	11.4	5.7	80.7	5.7	10	5	71	5
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3	6.3	9.9	80.4	3.6	7	11	89	4
5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6	8.5	5.7	14.2	2.8	27	18	45	9
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25.0	3.5	5.3	14.5	1.8	14	21	58	7
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8		14.5	14.5	14.5		33	33	3
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81.0	5.7	32.4	40.5	2.4	7	40	50	3
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9	3.8	22.4	35.1	1.9	6	35	55	3
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6	2.0	17.7	28.3	2.0	4	35	56	4
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	18.5	26.1	59.8	3.3	17	24	55	3
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	6.3	6.3	43.8	6.3	10	10	70	1
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150.0		37.5	100.5	12.0		25	67	0
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2		11.8	51.9	5.5		17	75	8

Compartment	Production Area (ha)	Sivicultural Measures (in ha)				Sivicultural Measures (in % of area)				
		Planting	Thinning	Felling		Planting	Thinning	Felling		
1	Phedey	308.3		140.0	122.0	27.0		40	9	
2	Tirkhola	386.9		207.5	113.4	44.6		29	12	
3	Jangchubling	533.2	10.7	159.0	192.3	138.5	30	36	26	6
4	Gelethang	248	31.0	24.2	142.6	48.8	10	58	20	4
5	Sherubling	1136.9	89.1	242.7	728.3	73.5	21	64	6	2
Total per Gewog		2613.3	130.7	773.4	1298.7	332.5	5	30	50	13

															2	
3	3(e)	Mou Tsangchu west	7.1			1.8	25								3.6	50
3	3(f)	Mou Tsangchu North	43.3	6.1	14	24.7	57									
3	3G)	Gelethang top	100.0			6.3	6									
3	3(h)	Ramathi south	125.0			6.3	5					12.5	10	18.8		15
3	3(i)	Noonpani west	68.8	5.3	8											
3	3 (J)	Jangchubling south	12.0			2.4	20									
2	2(A)	Tirkhola	36.2			16.1	44									
2	2(B)	Bechkhola	75.0			18.8	25							12.5		17
2	2(C)	Bechkhola	110.3	26.5	24	10.2	9									
2	2(D)	Tirkhola	61.6	8.0	13	12.3	20							12.3		20
2	2(E)	Bechkhola	78.8	37.0	47	21.0	27									
2	2(F)	Bechkhola	25.0	4.3	17									4.2		17
1	1(A)	Phedey	76.6			4.8	6	6.1	8						9.6	13
1	1(B)	Phedey	54.2			4.2	8								8.3	15
1	1(C)	Phedey	50.0			12.5	25								8.3	17
1	1(D)	Phedey	92.9			10.3	11								10.3	11
1	1(E)	Phedey	34.6			17.3	50									
4	4(A)	Gungring(Gelethang)	70.4												5.4	8
4	4(B)	Gungring(Gelethang)	33.8			7.5	22								3.8	11
4	4(C)	Bechkhola	25.0	4.3	17	8.3	33								4.2	17
4	4(D)	Gelethang	25.0	18.8	75										6.3	25
4	4{E}	Gelethang	43.8	12.7	29										6.2	14
4	4(F)	Gelethang	50.0	19.0	38										6.3	13
5	5(A)	Patibara	76.6	10.7	14	21.9	29									
5	5(B)	Sherubling	25.9	8.5	33	8.5	33									
5	5(C)	Sherubling	56.3	24.8	44											
5	5(D)	Sherubling	87.9	29.0	33											
5	5(E)	Noonpani	113.6			17.0	15									
5	5(F)	Noonpani	90.3			19.0	21								19.0	21

5	5(J)	Norbugang	31.6			7.0	22								
5	5(K)	Sherubling	25.0			12.5	50								
5	5(M)	Sherubling	43.8												
5	5(N)	Mongarling A	81.0			18.0	22								
5	5(O)	Mongarling B	63.9			29.8	47								
5	5(P)	Mongarling C	50.6			5.6	11								
5	5(G)	Thongjabee area	108.7	27.2	25	21.7	20								
5	5(H)	Thongjabee area	62.5	12.5	20	12.5	20								
5	5(I)	Chunithang	150.0	19.5	13	31.2	21								
5	5(L)	Sherubling	69.2	17.3	25	11.5	17								

Compartment		Prod. Area (ha)	Grazing				Sokshing				Lopping			
			Intensive		Extensive		Intensive		Extensive		Intensive		Extensive	
			(ha)	(%)	(ha)	(%)	(ha)	(%)	(ha)	(%)	(ha)	(%)	(ha)	(%)
1	Phedey	308.3			49.1	16	6.1	2					36.6	12
2	Tirkhola	386.9	75.8	20	78.4	20							29.0	7
3	Jangchubling	533.2	74.1	14	45.0	8					12.5	2	29.5	6
4	Gelethang	248.0	54.7	22	15.8	6							32.1	13
5	Sherubling	1136.9	149.5	13	216.3	19							19.0	2
Total per Gewog		2613.3	354.1	14	404.6	15	6.1	0			12.5	0	146.1	6

Calculation of AAC:

1. The average rotation period is calculated by multiplication of the proportion

forest type * rotation period of forest type

2. The sustainable AAC is determined by dividing the total standing stock by the average rotation period

3. The silvicultural AAC is determined by dividing the production period by the planning period of 10 years

4. The AAC is fixed at the sustainable AAC or silvicultural AAC, whichever is lower!

Unit	Forest Type Distribution								
	Hemlock	Fir	Spruce	Mix. Con.	Bluepine	Chirpine	Hardwood	Mixed HC	Total
Proportion	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%
Rotation period	130	140	130	120	90	90	130	120	130

AAC _{sust.} = standing volume/rotation period	1968	m ³
	0.8	m ³ /ha
AAC _{silv.} = prod. Potential/10 years	7705	m ³
	3	m ³ /ha
AAC _{fixed}	1968	m ³
	0.8	m ³ /ha

Prod. Potential/AAC =	39	years
-----------------------	----	-------

Explanations of abbreviations used in the compartment records

All information and data indicated in the sub-compartment record are related to the operable production area only.

A	abundant occurrence of NWFP
Bas. Area (m ² /ha)	basal area per ha of the sub-compartment
DT	Dzongkhag Tshogdu
Dbh	diameter breast height
E	extensive forest use
Height 0,3<1.3m	number of trees of this height class
I	intensive forest use
m ³	total standing volume in m ³
N/ha	number of trees per ha
N/total	total number of trees of the sub-compartment
S	sparse occurrence of NWFP
Volume (m ³ /ha)	standing volume per ha of the sub-compartment
Volume conifer %	percentage of conifers in relation to the standing volume

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record												
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Torkey	Block No	1	Comp.No	1(A)					
Areas in ha												
Non Production	31.3	Protection		In-accessible	23.8	Production	76.2					
Forest Composition and Description												
The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 5 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard and open area. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, Sambar and Rhesus Macaque.						Stand data						
						Bas. Area (m2/ha)	14.3					
						Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	108.3					
						Vconifer %						
						Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+ firew.	A	S
						Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
						Fir		Natural	100	Firewood	66	33
						Spruce		Coppice		Bamboo		31
						Mixed Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
						Pine		Dense	13	Daphne		38
						Pine		Closed	81			
						Wood	100	Open	6			
						ed		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
						s	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
						ng		Good	19	Grazing		625
						ature	100	Average	69	Shokshing		
						ature		Poor	13	Lopping		1250
						Site Characteristics						
						Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	

Number of trees/ha by diameter class (dbh>10 cm)

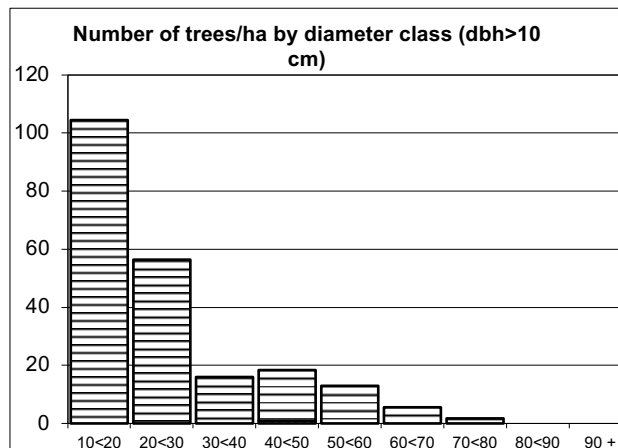
■ Conifer spp. ■ Other Broadleaves ■ Walnut
 ■ Schima spp. ■ Quercus spp. ■ Persea spp.
 ■ Michelia spp. ■ Litsea spp. ■ Exbucklandia

Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+ firew.	A	S
Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
Fir		Natural	100	Firewood	66	33
Spruce		Coppice		Bamboo		31
Mixed Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
Pine		Dense	13	Daphne		38
Pine		Closed	81			
Wood	100	Open	6			
ed		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
s	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
ng		Good	19	Grazing		625
ature	100	Average	69	Shokshing		
ature		Poor	13	Lopping		1250
Site Characteristics						
Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	

etc.															
Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures		Area in ha implemented per year											Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting															
Thinning	82.0	48													
Felling (firewood)	82.0	48													
Felling (timber)															
No activity	8.2	5													
Assessment carried out by		T.Jamtsho									Year:	2020			

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record							
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Torquey	Block No	1	Comp.No	1(B)
Areas in ha							
Non Production	31.3	Protection		In-accessible	20.8	Production	54.2
Forest Composition and Description							
. The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 4 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, Sambar and Rhesus Macaque.						Stand data	
						Bas. Area (m2/ha)	14.8
						Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	104.9
						Vconifer %	



Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP +firew.	A	S
Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
Fir		Natural	100	Firewood	8	77
Spruce		Coppice		Bamboo		38
Mixed Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
Blue Pine		Dense	8	Daphne		46
Chir Pine		Closed	85			
Hardwood	100	Open	8			

Mixed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
Age Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
Young		Good	8	Grazing		7.69
Immature	100	Average	85	Shokshing		
Mature		Poor	8	Lopping		15.38
Overmature		Site Characteristics				
Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	
Gentle	15	Stable	8	High	8	
Moderate	85	Moderate	77	Moderate	85	
Steep		Unstable	15	Low	8	

Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													
Michelia spp.													
Persea spp.													
Quercus spp.													
Schima spp.						1						1	0
Walnut													
Other Broadleave	435	517	104	56	16	17	13	6	2			215	100
Conifer spp.													
Total	435	517	104	56	16	18	13	6	2			216	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire woods can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Altingia and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N / ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	434	8	58	1088												
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham	576	11	42	711												
	Firewood	52	1		61												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	81.7	48															
Felling (firewood)																	
Felling (timber)	81.7	48															
No activity	8.2	5															
Assessment carried out by					T.Jamtsho							Year : 2020					

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record									
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Torkay	Block No	1	Comp.No	1(C)		
Areas in ha									
Non Production	25.0	Protection		In-accessible	25.0	Production	50.0		
Forest Composition and Description									
The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 4 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.							Stand data		
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	26.7	
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	182.6	

Total	1444	1385	226	129	73	36	9	3	1	0		477	100			
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities																
The felling for firewood and fencing posts can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.																
Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	50	1	34	152											
	Firewood	174	3		442											
30-49	Cham	365	7	58	303											
	Firewood	747	15		700											
20-29	Tsim			6												
	Firewood	340	7		102											
10-19	Poles, etc.			2												
	Firewood	472	9		33											
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning	25.0		43													
Felling (firewood)	16.7		29													
Felling (timber)	8.3		14													
No activity	8.3		14													
Assessment carried out by					Lungten Dorji							Year:	2020			

Litsea spp.																
Michelia spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	393	393	75	32	9	2	4								123	31
Schima spp.	59	98	57	7	7	2									72	19
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	629	629	107	48	27	4	9	1	1	0					196	50
Conifer spp.																
Total	1081	1120	239	86	43	8	14	1	1	0					391	100

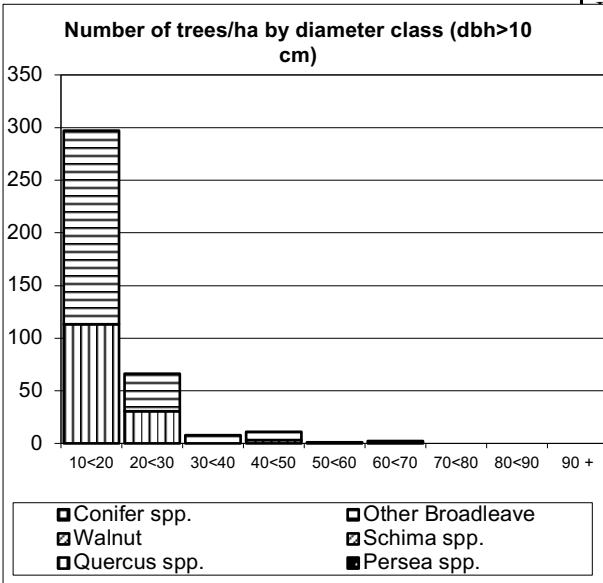
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for few
drashings, Chams and
fencing posts can be
done in this sub-
compartment since it is
dominated by Quercus
and other broad leaves.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	47	1	4	186											
	Firewood	136	1		405											
30-49	Cham	494	5	5	370											
	Firewood	452	5		371											
20-29	Tsim	210	2	4	57											
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning	33.3		44													
Felling (firewood)	25.0		33													
Felling (timber)	8.3		11													
No activity	8.3		11													
Assessment carried out by					Lungten Dorji										Year:	2020

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Phedey	Block No	1	Comp.No	1(E)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	31.3	Protection		In-accessible	21.6	Production	34.6						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 4 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	12.0					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	70.1					
							Vconifer %						
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+ firew.	A	S
							hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
							ir		Natural	100	Firewood		1 3
							pruce		Coppice		Bamboo		
							ixed conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
							lue Pine		Dense		Daphne		
							hir Pine		Closed	50			
							ardwood	10 0	Open	50			
							ixed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
							ge Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
							oung	50	Good		Grazing		5 0. 0 0
							Immature	50	Average	63	Shokshing		
							Mature		Poor	38	Lopping		
							Overmature		Site Characteristics				
							Slope	%	Erosivene ss	%	Soil Cover	%	
							Gentle	38	Stable	50	High	13	
							Moderate	63	Moderate	50	Moderate	88	
							Steep		Unstable		Low		
Species	Height 0.3<1 .3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10< 20	20< 30	30< 40	40 <5 0	50< 60	60< 70	70< 80	80< 90	90 +	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia													



			0	30	<40	<50	60	70	80	90	+		
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													
Michelia spp.													
Persea spp.													
Quercus spp.	275	393	101	27		3						131	40
Schima spp.													
Walnut													
Other Broadleave	747	865	151	32	7	7	1	2				199	60
Conifer spp.													
Total	1022	1258	252	59	7	10	1	2				330	100

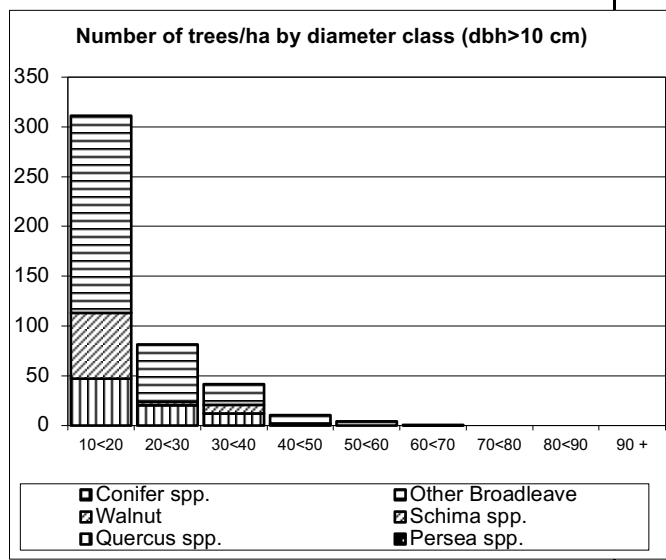
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire wood and fencing posts can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	24	1	53	73												
	Firewood	34	1		67												
30-49	Cham	101	3	47	125												
	Firewood																
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning																	
Felling (firewood)	19.4	50															
Felling (timber)	9.7	25															
No activity	9.7	25															
Assessment carried out by			Chophel									Year:	2020				

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Bechkhola	Block No	2	Comp.No	2(B)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	25.0	Protection		In-accessible	18.8	Production	56.3						
Forest Composition and Description													
The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 4 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	16.3					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	98.8					
							Vconifer %						
				Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S			
				Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%			
				Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		50			
						Coppice		Bamboo					
						Canopy	%	Cane					
				Pine		Dense		Daphne					
				Pine		Closed	75						
				wood	100	Open	17						
				H/C		Unstocked	8	Forest Use	I	E			
				Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%			
					8	Good	42	Grazing		25.0			
				g	17	Average	42	Shokshing		0			
										16.6			
					58	Poor	17	Lopping		7			
				nature		Site Characteristics							
					%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	%			
						Stable	50	High		33			
				Moderate	83	Moderate	33	Moderate		58			
				Steep	17	Unstable	8	Low		8			
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (>10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													



Michelia spp.	29														
Persea spp.															
Quercus spp.	678	118	47	20	12	1								81	18
Schima spp.	88	118	66	3	9	1								79	18
Walnut															
Other Broadleave	678	884	198	58	21	8	4	1						290	64
Conifer spp.															
Total	1474	1120	311	81	42	10	4	1						449	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire wood and fencing posts can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	39	1	2	78											
	Firewood	79	1	0	155											
30-49	Cham	351	6	6	268											
	Firewood	508	9	0	413											
20-29	Tsim			1												
	Firewood	382	7	0	115											
10-19	Poles, etc.	159	28	1	112											
	Firewood			0												
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning	25.0		43													
Felling (firewood)	16.7		29													
Felling (timber)	8.3		14													
No activity	8.3		14													
Assessment carried out by					Chophel								Year:	2020		

spp.																	
Persea spp.																	
Quercus spp.																	
Schima spp.	51	67			2	3	1								6	3	
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	404	438	97	50	18	13	8	5							191	97	
Conifer spp.																	
Total	455	505	97	50	20	16	10	5							197	100	

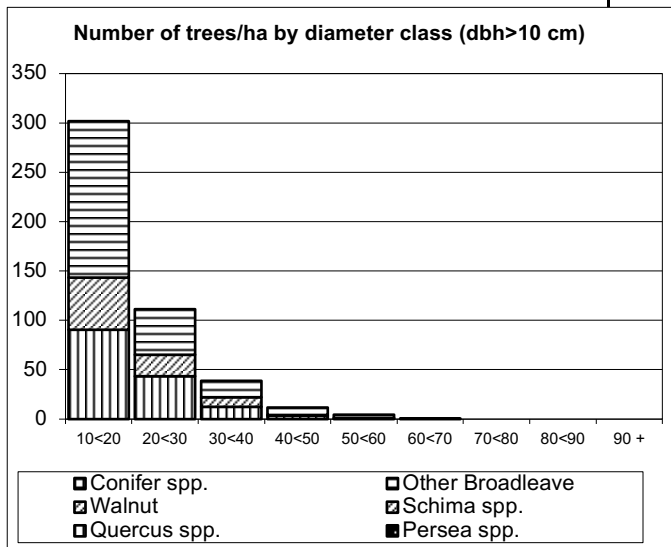
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for few drashing and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and other broad leaf species only. Few matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)				No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N / ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028			2029
>50	Drashing	518	5	7	1315											
	Firewood	644	6		1434											
30-49	Cham			2												
	Firewood	967	9		1118											
20-29	Tsim			1												
	Firewood	214	2		58											
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures				Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																
Thinning	126.5	57														
Felling (firewood)	89.3	40														
Felling (timber)																
No activity	7.4	3														
Assessment carried out by				T, Wangchuk									Year:	2020		

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Tirkhola	Block No	2	Comp.No	2(D)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	50.0	Protection		In-accessible	32.6	Production	61.1							
Forest Composition and Description														
The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. 8 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardamom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	17.6						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	109.6						
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
									Natural	100	Firewood	7	40	
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
									Dense	7	Daphne			
									Closed	73				
								100	Open	13				
									Unstocked	7	Forest Use	I	E	
									Condition	%	Type	%	%	
								7	Good	33	Grazing	1	20	
								80	Average	67	Shokshing	3	0	
								13	Poor		Lopping		20	
									Site Characteristics				0	
							Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
							Gentle	33	Stable	27	High	27		
							Moderate	67	Moderate	73	Moderate	67		
							Steep		Unstable	7	Low	7		
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														



Michelia spp.	24						1								1	0
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	566	707	91	43	12	3									150	32
Schima spp.	165	189	53	22	10	1	1								86	18
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	542	707	158	46	17	8	3	0							233	50
Conifer spp.																
Total	1297	1603	302	111	39	12	4	0							469	100

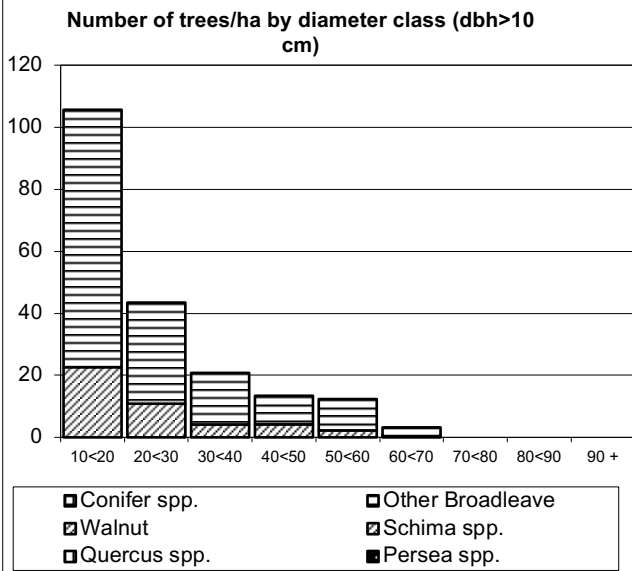
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire wood and fencing posts can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m 3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	34	1	17	68												
	Firewood	69	1		135												
30-49	Cham	305	5	62	233												
	Firewood	544	9		498												
20-29	Tsim			13													
	Firewood	498	8		155												
10-19	Poles, etc.	1384	23	8	97												
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	38.3		50														
Felling (firewood)	19.2		25														
Felling (timber)	9.6		13														
No activity	9.6		13														
Assessment carried out by					Chophel and team										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Bechkhola	Block No	2	Comp.No	2(E)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	37.5	Protection		In-accessible	26.8	Production	67.0						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Alnus, Schima and Quercus spp. The plots no. 5,8 and 11 is open area and 10,16 and 19 fall inside private land. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, Sambar and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)		12.1				
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)		84.5				
							Vconifer %						
				Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP +firew.	A	S			
				Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%			
				fir		Natural	100	Firewood			87		
				pruce		Coppice		Bambo					
				fixed conifer		Canopy	%	Cane					
				blue Pine		Dense		Daphne					
				thir Pine		Closed	80						
				hardwood	100	Open	20						
				fixed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E			
				Age Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%			
				young		Good		Grazing	47	26.67			
				immature	100	Average	87	Shokshing					
				mature		Poor	13	Lopping					
				overmature		Site Characteristics							
				Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%				
				Gentle	7	Stable	33	High	20				
				Moderate	93	Moderate	67	Moderate	73				
				Steep		Unstable		Low	7				
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													



Michelia spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	648	472	170	68	49	8									295	100
Conifer spp.																
Total	648	472	170	68	49	8									295	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for cham
chamsize timber and fire
wood can be done in this
sub-compartment since it
is dominated by Alnus
species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing															
	Firewood															
30-49	Cham	173	7	10	113											
	Firewood	278	11	10	242											
20-29	Tsim															
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning																
Felling (firewood)	9.4	33														
Felling (timber)	9.4	33														
No activity	9.4	33														
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Dorji										Year:	2020

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record																																																																																																																																												
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Jangchubling	Block No	3	Comp.No	3(A)																																																																																																																																					
Areas in ha																																																																																																																																												
Non Production		Protection		In-accessible		Production	81.3																																																																																																																																					
Forest Composition and Description																																																																																																																																												
The stand type is even aged which dominated by <i>Alnus</i> and <i>Quercus</i> spp. All plots are operable. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, Sambar and Rhesus Macaque.										Stand data																																																																																																																																		
										Bas. Area (m2/ha)	10.3																																																																																																																																	
										Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	61.9																																																																																																																																	
										Vconifer %																																																																																																																																		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p align="center">Number of trees/ha by diameter class (dbh>10 cm)</p> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Forest Type</th> <th>%</th> <th>Stand Type</th> <th>%</th> <th>NWFP+firewood.</th> <th>A</th> <th>S</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Block</td> <td></td> <td>Plantation</td> <td></td> <td>Type</td> <td>%</td> <td>%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Natural</td> <td>100</td> <td>Firewood</td> <td></td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Coppice</td> <td></td> <td>Bamboo</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Canopy</td> <td>%</td> <td>Cane</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Dense</td> <td></td> <td>Daphne</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Closed</td> <td>46</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>Open</td> <td>23</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Unstocked</td> <td>31</td> <td>Forest Use</td> <td>I</td> <td>E</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Class</td> <td>%</td> <td>Condition</td> <td>%</td> <td>%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>Good</td> <td>8</td> <td>Grazing</td> <td>7</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>85</td> <td>Average</td> <td>69</td> <td>Shokshing</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>23</td> <td>Lopping</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="4">Site Characteristics</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>%</td> <td>Erosiveness</td> <td>%</td> <td>Soil Cover</td> <td>%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>31</td> <td>Stable</td> <td>15</td> <td>High</td> <td>15</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>69</td> <td>Moderate</td> <td>85</td> <td>Moderate</td> <td>77</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Unstable</td> <td></td> <td>Low</td> <td>8</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div> </div>														Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firewood.	A	S	Block		Plantation		Type	%	%			Natural	100	Firewood		8			Coppice		Bamboo					Canopy	%	Cane					Dense		Daphne					Closed	46					100	Open	23						Unstocked	31	Forest Use	I	E			Class	%	Condition	%	%		8	Good	8	Grazing	7	7		85	Average	69	Shokshing				8	Poor	23	Lopping					Site Characteristics								%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		31	Stable	15	High	15			69	Moderate	85	Moderate	77				Unstable		Low	8	
Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firewood.	A	S																																																																																																																																						
Block		Plantation		Type	%	%																																																																																																																																						
		Natural	100	Firewood		8																																																																																																																																						
		Coppice		Bamboo																																																																																																																																								
		Canopy	%	Cane																																																																																																																																								
		Dense		Daphne																																																																																																																																								
		Closed	46																																																																																																																																									
	100	Open	23																																																																																																																																									
		Unstocked	31	Forest Use	I	E																																																																																																																																						
		Class	%	Condition	%	%																																																																																																																																						
	8	Good	8	Grazing	7	7																																																																																																																																						
	85	Average	69	Shokshing																																																																																																																																								
	8	Poor	23	Lopping																																																																																																																																								
		Site Characteristics																																																																																																																																										
		%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%																																																																																																																																						
	31	Stable	15	High	15																																																																																																																																							
	69	Moderate	85	Moderate	77																																																																																																																																							
		Unstable		Low	8																																																																																																																																							

Schima spp.	27	82														
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	272	326	113	53	24	4		0	0	0				195	80	
Conifer spp.																
Total	354	408	131	78	30	5		0	0	0				245	100	

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	88	1	23	350												
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham			54													
	Firewood	964	12		812												
20-29	Tsim			23													
	Firewood	1273	16		345												
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning																	
Felling (firewood)	6.3	50															
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	6.3	50															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Nidup										Year:	2020	

Michelia spp.																	
Persea spp.																	
Quercus spp.																	
Schima spp.																	
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	920	778	272	81	29	15	2	2								401	100
Conifer spp.																	
Total	920	778	272	81	29	15	2	2								401	100

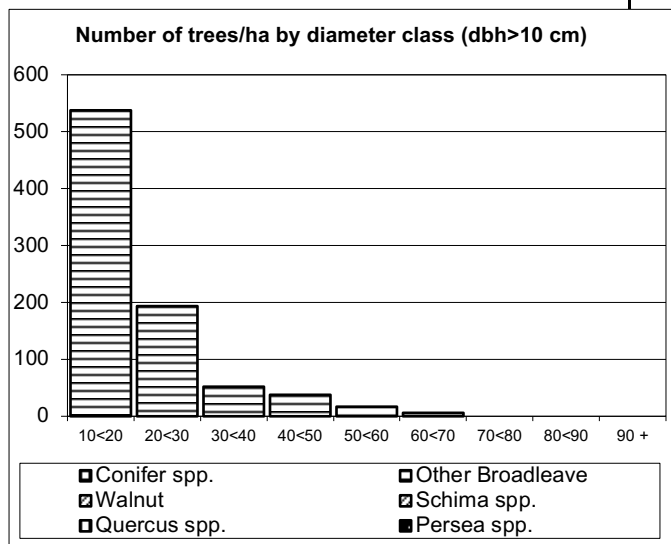
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N / ha	%	(m 3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	53	2	22	104												
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham	79	3	57	97												
	Firewood	260	8		170												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.			21													
	Firewood	145	45		99												

Silvicultural Measures			Area in ha implemented per year											Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	6.3	20													
Thinning	12.5	40													
Felling (firewood)	6.3	20													
Felling (timber)															
No activity	6.3	20													
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Nidup									Year:	2020		

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Jangchubling	Block No	3	Comp.No	3(C)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	12.5	Protection		In-accessible	37.5	Production	50.0							
Forest Composition and Description														
<p>The Plot no. 1, and 13 falls inside private land and rest plots are operable. This sub-compartment towards southern part of Moutsangchu village. The wild life present are wild pig and barking deer.</p>							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m ² /ha)	36.0						
							Tot. Vol. (m ³ /ha)	222.0						
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
							Fir		Natural	350	Firewood		100	
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
							Pine		Dense	25	Daphne			
							Pine		Closed	50	Banana			
							Wood	100	Open	25				
							ed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
							ng		Good	25	Grazing	50		
							nature	100	Average	75	Shokshing			
							ure		Poor		Lopping			
							rmature		Site Characteristics					
							pe	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
							tle		Stable	25	High			
							erate	100	Moderate	75	Moderate	100		
							Steep		Unstable		Low			
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.														
Persea spp.														



- Conifer spp.
- Walnut
- Quercus spp.
- Other Broadleave
- Schima spp.
- Persea spp.

Quercus spp.																	
Schima spp.	442	442															
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	3095	2829	538	194	52	38	17	6								844	100
Conifer spp.																	
Total	3537	3272	538	194	52	38	17	6								844	100

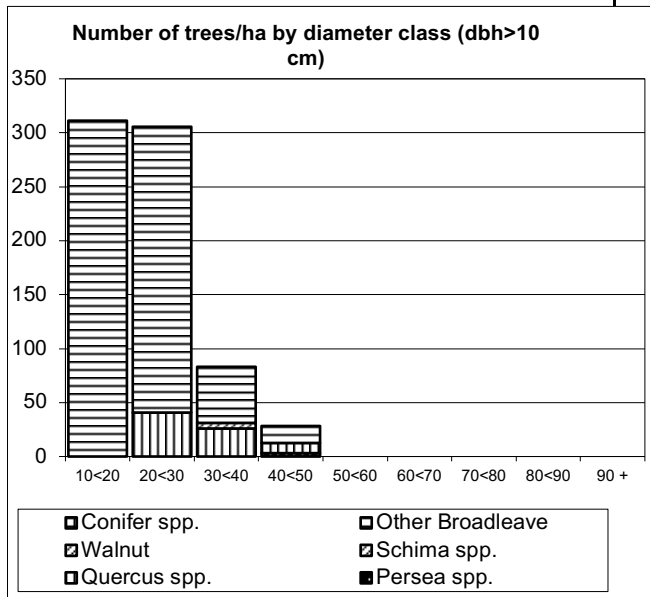
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Alnus trees can be can
be removed for timber
from this sub-
compartment.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	601	12	4	1263												
	Firewood	542	11	5	1302												
30-49	Cham	786	16	5	969												
	Firewood	2400	48	5	2206												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	25.0		25														
Felling (firewood)	50.0		50														
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	25.0		25														
Assessment carried out by					Sonam Penjor, Sangay Nidup, S. Wangchuk and T. Jamtsho										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Jangchubling	Block No	3	Comp.No	3(D)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	18.8	Protection		In-accessible	10.7	Production	14.3						
Forest Composition and Description													
Plot no 1,4,7 and 13 are operable. Plot no. 8,9 and 14 falls inside private land. The plot no 5,10, 11 and 12 falls inside cardamom orchard. And plot no 6 falls inside catchment area.							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	33.0					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	201.9					
							Vconifer %						
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
							Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		50
									Coppice		Bamboo		
									Canopy	%	Cane		
									Dense		Daphne		
									Closed	100			
								100	Open				
									Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
									Condition	%	Type	%	%
													25
									Good		Grazing		.0
								100	Average	100	Shokshing		
													50
									Poor		Lopping		.0
									Site Characteristics				
									Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	
									Stable		High		
								100	Moderate	100	Moderate	100	
									Unstable		Low		
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													



Michelia spp.						3										3	0
Persea spp.																	
Quercus spp.	265	442		41	26	9										76	10
Schima spp.					5											5	1
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	884	707	311	265	52	16										644	88
Conifer spp.																	
Total	1149	1149	311	306	83	28										728	100

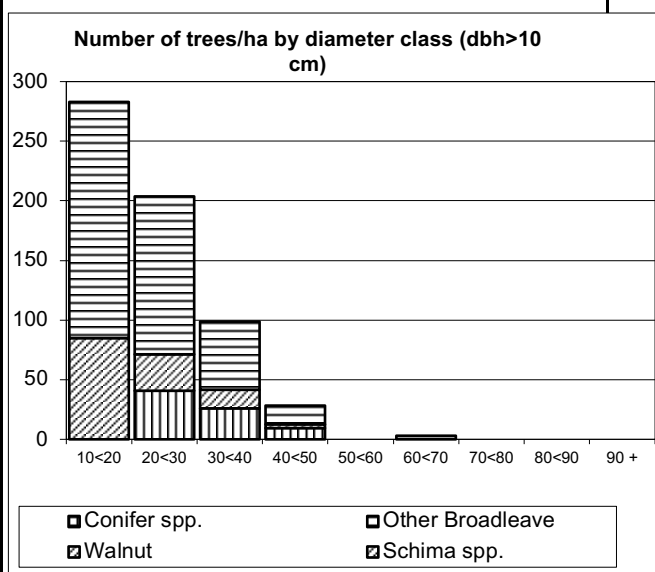
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Quercus Firewood and
Alnus trees can be
removed for timber from
this sub-compartment.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing																
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham	74	5	3	49												
	Firewood	461	32	3	387												
20-29	Tsim			6													
	Firewood	3201	224	7	876												
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	10.9		33														
Felling (firewood)	10.9		33														
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	10.9		33														
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Dorji										Year:	2020			

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Jangchubling	Block No	3	Comp.No	3(E)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	62.5	Protection		In-accessible	17.9	Production	7.1							
Forest Composition and Description														
Plot no 1,4,7 and 13 are operable. Plot no. 8,9 and 14 falls inside private land. The plot no 5,10, 11 and 12 falls inside cardamom orchard. And plot no 6 falls inside catchment area.							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	30.0						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	194.7						
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
									Natural	100	Firewood		100	
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
							Pine		Dense		Daphne			
							Pine		Closed	100				
							wood	100	Open					
							d H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
									Good		Grazing		250	
							ature	100	Average	100	Shokshing			
									Poor		Lopping		500	
							mature		Site Characteristics					
								%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
							Gentle		Stable		High			
							Moderate	100	Moderate	100	Moderate	100		
							Steep		Unstable		Low			
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class											Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia														



spp.																	
Persea spp.																	
Quercus spp.	265	442		41	26	9										76	12
Schima spp.	177	265	85	31	16	3										134	22
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	619	619	198	132	57	16				3						406	66
Conifer spp.																	
Total	1061	1326	283	204	99	28				3						617	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Quercus Firewood and
Alnus trees can be
removed for timber from
this sub-compartment.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashin			1													
	Firewood	11	2	0	32												
30-49	Cham	74	10	7	49												
	Firewood	245	34	11	190												
20-29	Tsim	73	10	1	20												
	Firewood	146	20	9	44												
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																

Silvicultural Measures			Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%			
Measure	Area (ha)	in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029					
Planting																	
Thinning	21.9	33															
Felling (firewood)	21.9	33															
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	21.9	33															
Assessment carried out by	Sangay Dorji										Year:	2020					

Litsea spp.															
Michelia spp.															
Persea spp.															
Quercus spp.	101			17	9	4								30	6
Schima spp.	51	152		17	3	2								22	5
Walnut															
Other Broadleave	505	657	243	99	50	7			2	1	1			403	82
Conifer spp.															
Total	657	808	259	151	65	13			2	1	1			491	100

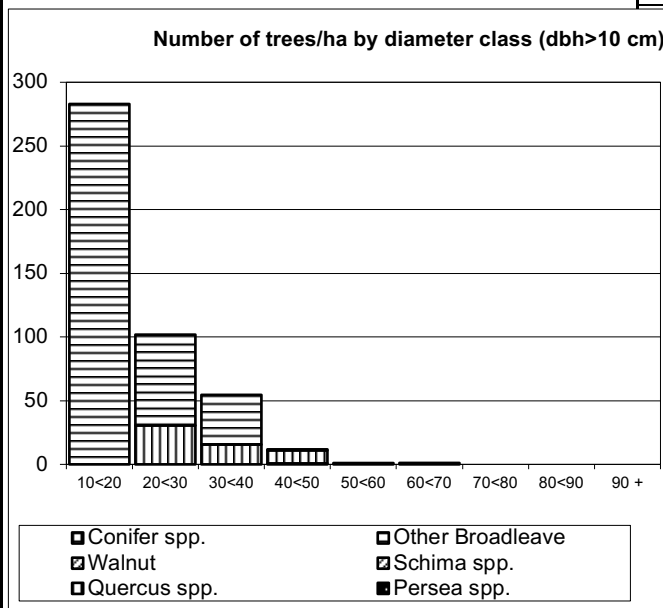
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Quercus and Alnus species only. Matured Alnus can be removed for timber use.

Production Potential (N, Volume)				No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028		
>50	Drashing	72	3	4	267										
	Firewood	13	1	2	71										
30-49	Cham			5											
	Firewood	556	22	8	468										
20-29	Tsim														
	Firewood														
10-19	Poles, etc.														
	Firewood														
Silvicultural Measures				Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)		in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting	10.6		20												
Thinning	10.6		20												
Felling (firewood)	10.6		20												
Felling (timber)	10.6		20												
No activity	10.6		20												
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Nidup									Year:	2020		

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Jangchubling	Block No	3	Comp.No	3(G)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production		Protection		In-accessible		Production	100.0							
Forest Composition and Description														
<p>This sub-compartment lies towards north of Gelethang village and southern part of Nonpani village. Forest condition is good but no prime timber for construction purpose. The wild life present are barking deer, wild pig and sambar.</p>							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)		17.8					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)		109.4					
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
									Natural	100	Firewood		3 8	
							Conifer		Coppice		Bamboo			
							Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane			
							Conifer		Dense		Daphne			
							Conifer		Closed	69				
							Conifer	31	Open	31				
							Conifer		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	
							Age Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
									Good	6	Grazing		6. 2 5	
								81	Average	88	Shokshing			
								19	Poor	6	Lopping			
									Site Characteristics					
							Type	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
								38	Stable	63	High	50		
								63	Moderate	38	Moderate	50		
									Unstable		Low			
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (>10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.					1							1	0	
Persea spp.														



Quercus spp.	332	376		31	16	10										56	12
Schima spp.																	
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	840	796	283	71	39	1	1	1								396	87
Conifer spp.																	
Total	1172	1172	283	102	55	12	1	1								453	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Firewood and few timber
can be removed from this
sub-compartment.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing			14													
	Firewood	75	1		227												
30-49	Cham	260	3	68	170												
	Firewood	1145	11		975												
20-29	Tsim			18													
	Firewood	1019	10		306												
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	18.8		50														
Felling (firewood)	12.5		33														
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	6.3		17														
Assessment carried out by					Chophel										Year:	2020	

Quercus spp.		88	91	10	4	3									107	24
Schima spp.		53	23	6	3										32	7
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	336	619	187	47	27	8									268	61
Conifer spp.																
Total	336	796	328	65	39	10									443	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

Alnus and Schima
species can be removed
for timber and Quercus
SPP can be removed for
fuel wood.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing																
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham	496	4	1	461												
	Firewood	1460	12	0	1362												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	31.3		63														
Felling (firewood)	12.5		25														
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	6.3		13														
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Wangchuk										Year:	2020	

spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	54			13	5	1								18	7	
Schima spp.	27	82														
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	2753			113	53	24	4	0	0	0				195	80	
Conifer spp.																
Total	2761	4	82	131	78	30	5	0	0	0				245	100	

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber can be done since lower valley has good stands of Albezia in future. The area can be used only for felling for fuel wood purpose only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m 3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashin g	74	1	23	296											
	Firewood															
30-49	Cham			54												
	Firewood	816	12		687											
20-29	Tsim			23												
	Firewood	1077	16		292											
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning																
Felling (firewood)	7.2	50														
Felling (timber)																
No activity	7.2	50														
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Nidup										Year:	2020		

Quercus spp.	990	283		65	21	8	5								99	45
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	990	283		41	42	20	13	6							122	55
Conifer spp.																
Total	1981	707		106	62	28	19	6							221	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

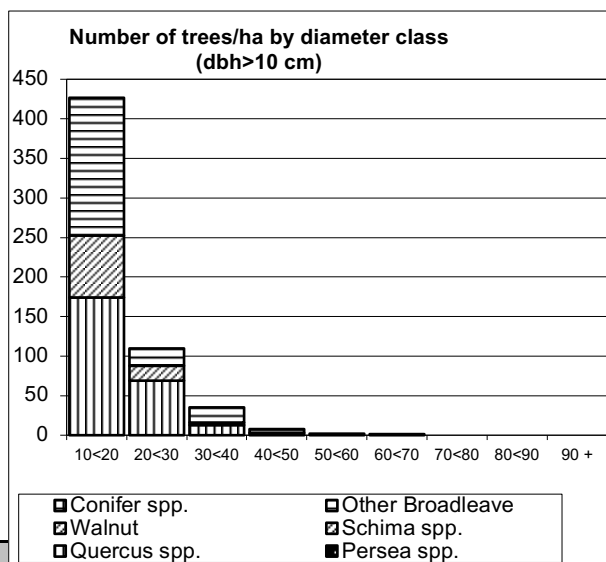
The felling need to be restricted since it falls in water catchment area. Moreover, the stream is adopted by Chudzom Central School.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	35	3	4	83												
	Firewood	116	10	7	260												
30-49	Cham	30	3	4	37												
	Firewood	310	26	1	258												
20-29	Tsim			1													
	Firewood	294	24	2	85												
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	16.3		17														
Thinning	16.3		17														
Felling (firewood)	48.8		50														
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	16.3		17														
Assessment carried out by		Chophel										Year:	2020				

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record									
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Gelethang(Gungring)	Block No	4	Comp.No	4(A)		
Areas in ha									
Non Production	12.5	Protection		In-accessible	10.8	Production	70.4		

Forest Composition and Description									
The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Quercus spp. The plot no. 9 falls inside cardamom orchard. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.								Stand data	
								Bas. Area (m2/ha)	18.5
								Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	111.5
Vconifer %									



Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S
Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		3
Spruce		Coppice		Bamboo		1
Mixed Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
Blue Pine		Dense		Daphne		
Chir Pine		Closed	100			
Hardwood	100	Open				
Mixed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
Age Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
Young	8	Good	8	Grazing		
Immature	92	Average	85	Shokshing		
Mature		Poor	8	Lopping		7.
Overmature		Site Characteristics				6
Slope	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	9
Gentle	15	Stable	31	High		
Moderate	85	Moderate	69	Moderate	100	
Steep		Unstable		Low		

Species	N/ha per diameter class												Total (> 10cm)	
	t 0.3<1. 3 m	<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.		82												
Persea spp.														
Quercus spp.	979	952	174	69	13	3	2					261	45	
Schima spp.	54	54	78	19	3							100	17	

Walnut																		
Other Broadleave	1007	843	174	22	19	5				1							221	38
Conifer spp.																		
Total	2040	1932	427	110	35	8	2	1									583	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for limited cham and drashing can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus species and Quercus only. Need planting in some areas of this sub-compartment.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%		
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029				
>50	Drashing	78	1	3	208													
	Firewood			8														
30-49	Cham	204	3	6	252													
	Firewood	68	1	2	84													
20-29	Tsim																	
	Firewood																	
10-19	Poles, etc.																	
	Firewood																	
Silvicultural Measures				Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%			
Measure	Area (ha)	in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029					
Planting	28.8	44																
Thinning																		
Felling (firewood)	28.8	44																
Felling (timber)																		
No activity	7.2	11																
Assessment carried out by			Lungten										Year:	2020				

Michelia spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.	196	196		18	7										25	26
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	432	511	38	14	14	6									71	74
Conifer spp.																
Total	629	707	38	32	21	6									96	100

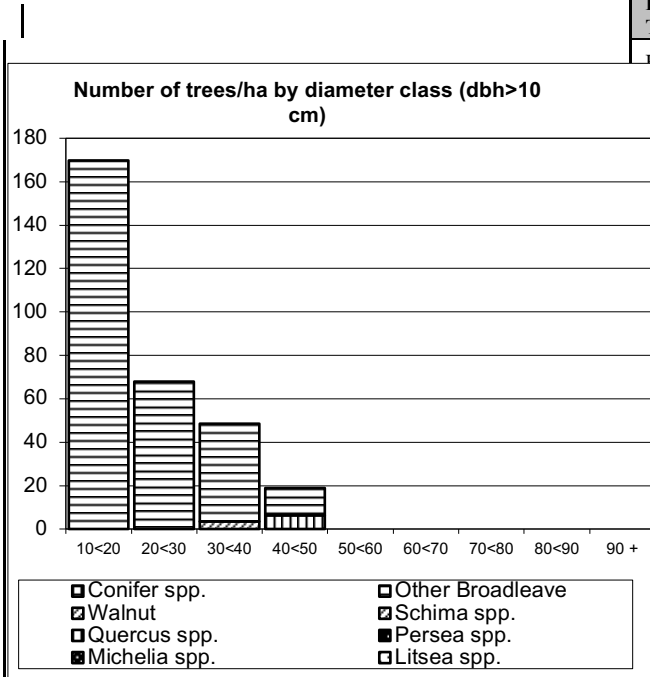
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for small sized fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing															
	Firewood															
30-49	Cham		8													
	Firewood	203	6	5	163											
20-29	Tsim															
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.			1												
	Firewood	424	13	5	30											
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning																
Felling (firewood)	4.9	50														
Felling (timber)																
No activity	4.9	50														
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Dorji										Year:	2020

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Bechkhola	Block No	4	Comp.No	4(C)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	18.8	Protection		In-accessible	12.5	Production	25.0						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by <i>Alnus</i> and <i>quercus</i> spp. 3 plots are in-operable because fall inside cardomom orchard. Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	14.0					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	86.9					
							Vconifer %						
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S
							Hamlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
									Natural	100	Firewood		33
							ruce		Coppice		Bamboo		
							ixed conifer		Canopy	%	Cane		
							ue Pine		Dense		Daphne		
							ir Pine		Closed	83			
							ardwood	100	Open	17			
							ixed H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E
							Age Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
													33
							young		Good	17	Grazing	17	3
							mature	100	Average	83	Shokshing		
													16
							mature		Poor		Lopping		7
							ermature		Site Characteristics				
							Type	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	
							gentle	33	Stable	33	High		17
							Moderate	67	Moderate	67	Moderate		83
							Steep		Unstable		Low		
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													



Michelia spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	177	118						6							6	2
Schima spp.	236	177					3								3	1
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	707	531	170	68	45	13									295	97
Conifer spp.																
Total	1120	825	170	68	49	19									305	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for cham
chamsize timber and fire
wood can be done in this
sub-compartment since it
is dominated by Alnus
species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing																
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham	139	6	100	121												
	Firewood	330	13		319												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning																	
Felling (firewood)	9.4		33														
Felling (timber)	9.4		33														
No activity	9.4		33														
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Nidup and team										Year:	2020	

Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	884	114 9	113	31	42	25	15	8							233	100
Conifer spp.																
Total	884	114 9	113	31	42	25	15	8							233	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for Drashing, cham size timber and firewood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)				No of trees removed each year											Total	%
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	557	2 2	54	129 2											
	Firewood															
30-49	Cham	236	9	43	291											
	Firewood	783	3 1		739											
20-29	Tsim															
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.			2												
	Firewood	707	2 8		50											

Silvicultural Measures			Area in ha implemented per year											Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029				
Planting																
Thinning	6.3	14														
Felling (firewood)	18.8	43														
Felling (timber)	12.5	29														
No activity	6.3	14														

Assessment carried out by	Lungten Dorji										Year:	2020
----------------------------------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--------------	------

Quercus spp.																		
Schima spp.																		
Walnut																		
Other Broadleave	758	758	162	58	59	25	13	2									319	100
Conifer spp.																		
Total	758	758	162	58	59	25	13	2									319	100
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities																		
The felling for Drashing and chamsize timber can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus species only.																		
Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%		
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029				
>50	Drashing	496	11	54	1056													
	Firewood	158	4		311													
30-49	Cham	550	13	46	678													
	Firewood	393	9		485													
20-29	Tsim																	
	Firewood																	
10-19	Poles, etc.																	
	Firewood																	
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%		
Measure	Area (ha)	in %	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029						
Planting																		
Thinning	6.3	9																
Felling (firewood)	31.3	45																
Felling (timber)	25.0	36																
No activity	6.3	9																
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Nidup and team										Year:	2020				

Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	840	796	226	76	26	41	16	2	1						387	100
Conifer spp.																
Total	840	796	226	76	26	41	16	2	1						387	100

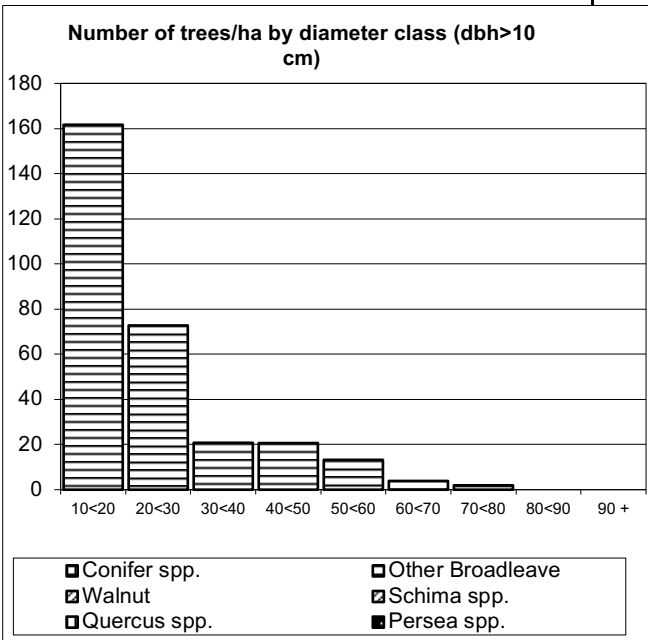
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	893	18	52	1894											
	Firewood															
30-49	Cham	629	13	48	775											
	Firewood	786	16		969											
20-29	Tsim															
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)		in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting																
Thinning	6.3		17													
Felling (firewood)	12.5		33													
Felling (timber)	12.5		33													
No activity	6.3		17													
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Wangchuk										Year:	2020

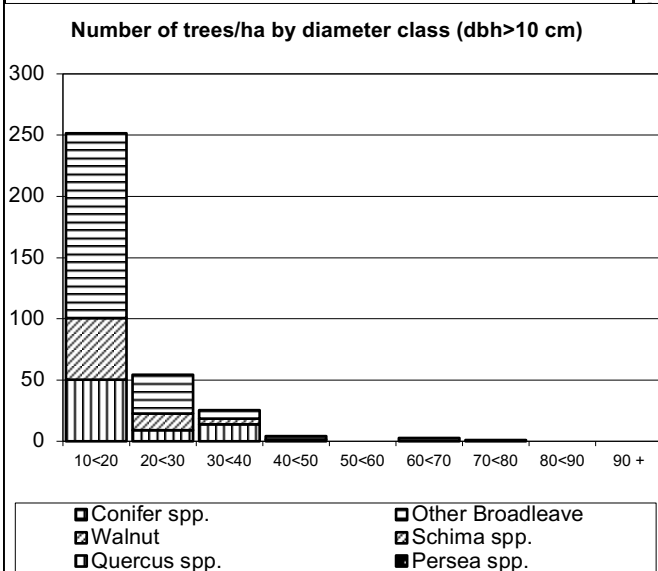
**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Patibara	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(A)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	12.5	Protection		In-accessible	10.9	Production	76.6						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>								Stand data					
								Bas. Area (m2/ha)			17.0		
								Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)			115.6		
								Vconifer %					
Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP +firew.	A	S							
Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%							
		Natural	100	Firewood		86							
		Coppice		Bambo									
		Canopy	%	Cane									
		Dense		Daphne									
		Closed	100										
	100	Open											
		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E							
Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%							
		Good		Grazing	14	28.57							
	100	Average	100	Shokshing									
		Poor		Lopping									
		Site Characteristics											
		Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%								
	7	Stable	7	High	7								
	93	Moderate	93	Moderate	93								
		Unstable		Low									
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													



**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Sherabling Area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(B)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	68.8	Protection		In-accessible	30.9	Production	25.3							
Forest Composition and Description														
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>						Stand data								
						Bas. Area (m2/ha)	11.6							
						Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	71.0							
						Vconifer %								
						Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP +firew.	A	S		
						Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%		
						Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		3		
						Spruce		Coppice		Bambo		3		
						Red hifer		Canopy	%	Cane				
						Red Pine		Dense		Daphne				
						Red Pine		Closed	56					
						Redwood	100	Open	22					
						Red H/C		Unstocked	22	Forest Use	I	E		
						Red Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%		
						Red	22	Good		Grazing	33	3		
						Nature	78	Average	78	Shokshing		3		
						Nature		Poor	22	Lopping		3		
						Temperature		Site Characteristics						
						Temperature	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%			
						Stable	33	Stable	33	High	11			
						Moderate	67	Moderate	67	Moderate	89			
						Steep		Unstable		Low				
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														



**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Upper Sherablng	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(C)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	12.5	Protection		In-accessible	12.5	Production	56.3							
Forest Composition and Description														
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	20.2						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	134.6						
							Vconifer %							
<p>Number of trees/ha by diameter class (dbh>10 cm)</p> <p>Legend:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conifer spp. Walnut Quercus spp. Other Broadleave Schima spp. Persea spp. 							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
									Natural	100	Firewood		56	
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
							Pine		Dense		Daphne			
							Pine		Closed	78				
							wood	100	Open	22				
							d H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
							g		Good		Grazing	4		
							ature	100	Average	78	Shokshing			
							re		Poor	22	Lopping			
							mature		Site Characteristics					
							e	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
							le		Stable		High			
							erate	100	Moderate	100	Moderate	100		
									Unstable		Low			
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.														
Persea spp.														
Quercus spp.														
Schima spp.	196	196	63	45				5					113	25

Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	982	982	252	32	12	21	18	3								337	75
Conifer spp.																	
Total	1179	1179	314	77	12	21	22	3								450	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	1083	19	62	2329												
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham			38													
	Firewood	1179	21		1454												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	18.1	12															
Thinning	36.1	24															
Felling (firewood)	45.1	29															
Felling (timber)	45.1	29															
No activity	9.0	6															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Nidup										Year:	2020	

spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.	189	236	75	14				3							92	24
Walnut																
Other																
Broadleave	825	472	189	57	15	15	7	4							287	76
Conifer spp.																
Total	1014	707	264	71	15	15	10	4							379	100

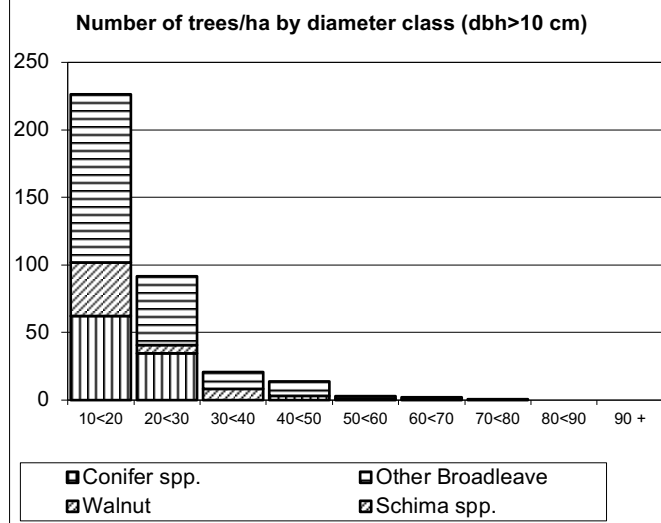
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashin g	1093	12	7	2577												
	Firewood			4													
30-49	Cham Firewood	737	8	26	909												
20-29	Tsim Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc. Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	13.3	8															
Thinning	26.7	17															
Felling (firewood)	46.7	29															
Felling (timber)	66.7	42															
No activity	6.7	4															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Nidup										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Noonpani area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(E)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	12.5	Protection		In-accessible	11.4	Production	113.6							
Forest Composition and Description														
Immature with other broadleaves and with few Schima and Quercus stand. Few timber can be extracted from other broadleaves.							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	14.4						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	91.5						
							Vconifer %							
				Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S				
				Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%				
						Natural	100	Firewood		35				
				ruce		Coppice		Bamboo						
				xed		Canopy	%	Cane						
				nifer				Daphne						
				ae Pine		Dense	10							
				ir Pine		Closed	75							
				rdwood	100	Open	10							
				xed H/C		Unstocked	5	Forest Use	I	E				
				Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%				
										15				
				ung	25	Good	5	Grazing		.0	0			
				mature	75	Average	85	Shokshing						
				ture		Poor	10	Lopping						
				ermature		Site Characteristics								
				Type	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%					
				Gentle	35	Stable	15	High	5					
				Moderate	65	Moderate	85	Moderate	95					
				Steep		Unstable		Low						
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (>10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.														
Persea spp.														



Quercus spp.	318	318	62	35		3	1	1							101	28
Schima spp.	35	71	40	6	8										54	15
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	566	654	124	51	12	11	2	2	1						203	57
Conifer spp.																
Total	920	1043	226	92	21	14	3	2	1						358	100

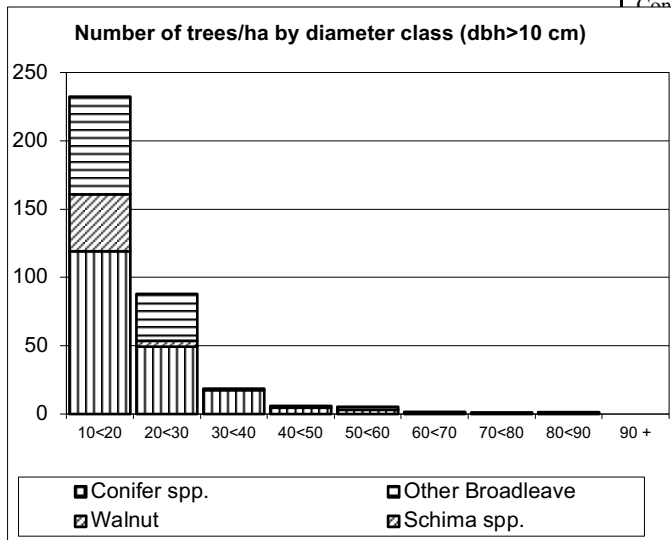
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	246	2	46	592												
	Firewood	121	1		332												
30-49	Cham			54													
	Firewood	857	8		1090												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	13.8	10															
Thinning	6.9	5															
Felling (firewood)	82.5	57															
Felling (timber)	34.4	24															
No activity	6.9	5															
Assessment carried out by					Lungten Dorji										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Noonpani area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(F)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	37.5	Protection		In-accessible	28.5	Production	90.3							
Forest Composition and Description														
Immature with other broadleaves and with few Schima and Quercus stand. Few timber can be extracted from other broadleaves. More firewood can be extracted from this sub compartment.							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	14.1						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	97.2						
							Vconifer %							
				Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S				
				Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%				
				Fir		Natural	100	Firewood	1	4				
				Spruce		Coppice		Bamboo						
				Mixed Conifer		Canopy	%	Cane						
				Pine		Dense	11	Daphne						
				Pine		Closed	84							
				wood	100	Open	5							
				d H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E				
				Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%				
				g	26	Good	5	Grazing			2			
				mature	74	Average	89	Shokshing			1.05			
				re		Poor	5	Lopping			2.05			
				mature		Site Characteristics								
				e	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	%				
				e	21	Stable	21	High		11				
				Moderate	79	Moderate	79	Moderate		89				
				Steep		Unstable		Low						
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (>10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.														



Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	410	503	119	49	18	5	3	1			1				195	55
Schima spp.	130	205	42	4	1										47	13
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	614	428	71	34		1	2	1	1	0					112	32
Conifer spp.																
Total	1154	1135	232	88	19	6	5	2	1	1					354	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	201	2	100	878												
	Firewood	181	2		435												
30-49	Cham																
	Firewood																
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	16.4	7															
Thinning	24.7	11															
Felling (firewood)	139.8	61															
Felling (timber)	41.1	18															
No activity	8.2	4															
Assessment carried out by					Chophel								Year:	2020			

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record																																																																																																																																																		
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Thongjabi area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(G)																																																																																																																																											
Areas in ha																																																																																																																																																		
Non Production	18.8	Protection		In-accessible	16.3	Production	108.7																																																																																																																																											
Forest Composition and Description																																																																																																																																																		
Immature with major other broadleaves and with few Exbucklandia, Persia and Litsea stand in this sub compartment.							Stand data																																																																																																																																											
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)		22.3																																																																																																																																									
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)		145.7																																																																																																																																									
Vconifer %																																																																																																																																																		
<p align="center">Number of trees/ha by diameter class (dbh>10 cm)</p>																																																																																																																																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Forest Type</th> <th>%</th> <th>Stand Type</th> <th>%</th> <th>NWFP+fir ew.</th> <th>A</th> <th>S</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Hemlock</td> <td></td> <td>Plantation</td> <td></td> <td>Type</td> <td>%</td> <td>%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fir</td> <td></td> <td>Natural</td> <td>100</td> <td>Firewood</td> <td></td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Coppice</td> <td></td> <td>Bamboo</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Canopy</td> <td>%</td> <td>Cane</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pine</td> <td></td> <td>Dense</td> <td></td> <td>Daphne</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pine</td> <td></td> <td>Closed</td> <td>70</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wood</td> <td>100</td> <td>Open</td> <td>30</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/C</td> <td></td> <td>Unstocked</td> <td></td> <td>Forest Use</td> <td>I</td> <td>E</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Class</td> <td>%</td> <td>Condition</td> <td>%</td> <td>Type</td> <td>%</td> <td>%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>g</td> <td>10</td> <td>Good</td> <td>20</td> <td>Grazing</td> <td>5</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ture</td> <td>55</td> <td>Average</td> <td>50</td> <td>Shokshing</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>e</td> <td>35</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>30</td> <td>Lopping</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>natur</td> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Site Characteristics</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>%</td> <td>Erosiveness</td> <td>%</td> <td>Soil Cover</td> <td>%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>e</td> <td>20</td> <td>Stable</td> <td>15</td> <td>High</td> <td></td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>rate</td> <td>75</td> <td>Moderate</td> <td>80</td> <td>Moderate</td> <td></td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>Unstable</td> <td>5</td> <td>Low</td> <td></td> <td>20</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>														Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		25			Coppice		Bamboo					Canopy	%	Cane			Pine		Dense		Daphne			Pine		Closed	70				Wood	100	Open	30				H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%						2	20	g	10	Good	20	Grazing	5	0	ture	55	Average	50	Shokshing			e	35	Poor	30	Lopping			natur		Site Characteristics						%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		e	20	Stable	15	High		20	rate	75	Moderate	80	Moderate		60		5	Unstable	5	Low		20
Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S																																																																																																																																												
Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%																																																																																																																																												
Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		25																																																																																																																																												
		Coppice		Bamboo																																																																																																																																														
		Canopy	%	Cane																																																																																																																																														
Pine		Dense		Daphne																																																																																																																																														
Pine		Closed	70																																																																																																																																															
Wood	100	Open	30																																																																																																																																															
H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E																																																																																																																																												
Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%																																																																																																																																												
					2	20																																																																																																																																												
g	10	Good	20	Grazing	5	0																																																																																																																																												
ture	55	Average	50	Shokshing																																																																																																																																														
e	35	Poor	30	Lopping																																																																																																																																														
natur		Site Characteristics																																																																																																																																																
	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%																																																																																																																																													
e	20	Stable	15	High		20																																																																																																																																												
rate	75	Moderate	80	Moderate		60																																																																																																																																												
	5	Unstable	5	Low		20																																																																																																																																												
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)																																																																																																																																						
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%																																																																																																																																					
Beilschmiedia spp.																																																																																																																																																		
Cinnamomum spp.		53	23	4									27	5																																																																																																																																				
Exbucklandia			11										11	2																																																																																																																																				
Litsea spp.			17										17	3																																																																																																																																				
Michelia spp.				2	1	1							4	1																																																																																																																																				
Persea spp.			11	6	3			1	0				22	4																																																																																																																																				

Quercus spp.								1	0		1			2	0
Schima spp.		18	17	6	3									26	5
Walnut															
Other Broadleave	265	531	238	75	35	14	13	3	1	0				380	78
Conifer spp.															
Total	265	601	317	94	43	15	14	4	1	1				488	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	568	5	93	188												
	Firewood	182	2		515												
30-49	Cham	137	1	7	169												
	Firewood																
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	35.9	17															
Thinning	50.3	24															
Felling (firewood)	35.9	17															
Felling (timber)	79.1	38															
No activity	7.2	3															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Wangchuk										Year:	2020	

Annex 2 Compartment Register

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Thongjabi area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(H)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production		Protection		In-accessible		Production		62.5						
Forest Composition and Description														
Immature with major other broadleaves and with few exbucklandia, persia and Litsea stand in this sub compartment.								Stand data						
								Bas. Area (m2/ha)		17.2				
								Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)		111.0				
								Vconifer %						
<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Number of trees/ha by diameter class (dbh>10 cm)</p> </div>								Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S
								Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
										Natural	100	Firewood	10	30
										Coppice		Bamboo		
										Canopy	%	Cane		
								Pine		Dense		Daphne		
								Pine		Closed	40			
								wood	100	Open	40			
								d H/C		Unstocked	20	Forest Use	I	E
								Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
														20
								ng	20	Good	10	Grazing	0	0
								ature	80	Average	70	Shokshing		
								re		Poor	20	Lopping		
								mmature		Site Characteristics				
e	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%									
Gentle	20	Stable	20	High	10									
Moderate	70	Moderate	70	Moderate	80									
Steep	10	Unstable	10	Low	10									
Species	Height 0.3<1 .3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10< 20	20< 30	30 <4 0	40 <5 0	50< 60	60< 70	70< 80	80< 90	90 +	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.		106	57	12	2							71	17	
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.		35	23		4							27	6	
Michelia spp.														
Persea spp.				8		3			1			12	3	

Quercus spp.							2	1		1		3	1
Schima spp.		106	34	12	4	1		1				52	12
Walnut													
Other Broadleave	424	672	192	41	15	11	3	1	1	0		264	62
Conifer spp.													
Total	424	920	306	73	25	15	4	2	2	1		429	100

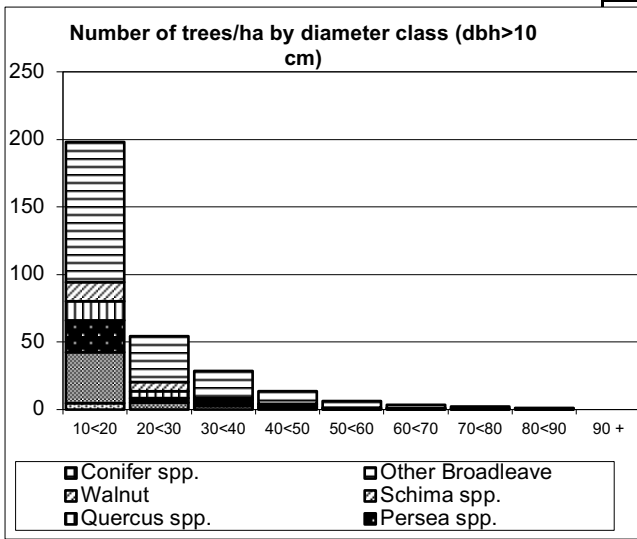
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N / ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	267	4	87	1273												
	Firewood	286	5		685												
30-49	Cham			13													
	Firewood	236	4		291												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	6.3	10															
Thinning	6.3	10															
Felling (firewood)	25.0	40															
Felling (timber)	18.8	30															
No activity	6.3	10															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Dorji								Year:	2020			

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Chunithang	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(I)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production		Protection		In-accessible		Production	150.0							
Forest Composition and Description														
Immature with major other broadleaves and with few Exbucklandia, Persia and Litsea stand in this sub compartment.							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	15.3						
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	104.9						
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
							Fir		Natural	100	Firewood	2	5	13
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
									Dense	4	Daphne			
									Closed	42				
								100	Open	38				
									Unstocked	17	Forest Use	I	E	
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
												1	20	
								8	Good	29	Grazing	3	3	
								54	Average	46	Shokshing			
								29	Poor	25	Lopping			
								8	Site Characteristics					
								%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
								38	Stable	29	High	17		
								54	Moderate	63	Moderate	58		
								8	Unstable	8	Low	25		
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (>10cm)		
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.			5			1	0						6	2
Cinnamomum spp.	15	29	38	5	3								45	15
Exbucklandia					2								2	1
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.						1			0				1	0
Persea spp.			24	3	3	2	0	1	1	0			33	11



Quercus spp.			14	5			1	0		0					21	7
Schima spp.			14	7	2	1		0							23	8
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	103	472	104	34	20	9	5	3	2	0					176	57
Conifer spp.																
Total	118	501	198	54	29	14	6	4	2	1					308	100

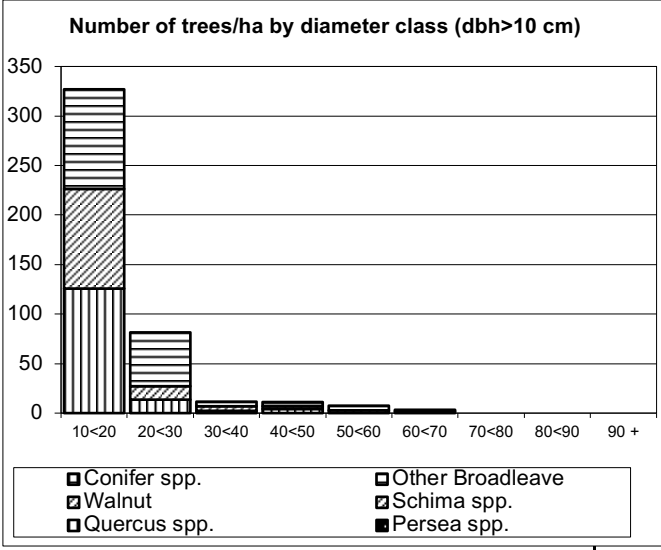
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N/ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	1159	8	8	3880												
	Firewood	647	4		1553												
30-49	Cham			1													
	Firewood	783	5		739												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting																	
Thinning	18.8	25															
Felling (firewood)	31.3	42															
Felling (timber)	18.8	25															
No activity	6.3	8															
Assessment carried out by		Sangay Dorji										Year:	2020				

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record														
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Norbugang	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(J)							
Areas in ha														
Non Production	43.8	Protection		In-accessible	24.6	Production	31.6							
Forest Composition and Description														
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data							
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)						15.6	
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)						98.9	
							Vconifer %							
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S	
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%	
							Fir		Natural	100	Firewood		33	
									Coppice		Bamboo			
									Canopy	%	Cane			
									Dense		Daphne			
									Closed	89				
							ood	100	Open	11				
							H/C		Unstocked		Forest Use	I	E	
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%	
								22	Good		Grazing		22	
								78	Average	89	Shokshing		.2	
									Poor	11	Lopping		2	
							ature		Site Characteristics					
								%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%		
								22	Stable	56	High			
							ate	78	Moderate	44	Moderate	100		
							Steep		Unstable		Low			
Species	Heigh t 0.3<1. 3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)		
		<10	10< 20	20< 30	30 <4 0	40 <5 0	50< 60	60< 70	70< 80	80< 90	90 +	N/ha	%	
Beilschmiedia spp.														
Cinnamomum spp.														
Exbucklandia														
Litsea spp.														
Michelia spp.														
Persea spp.														



Quercus spp.	825	707	126	14	2	4	3	2								151	34
Schima spp.	157	157	101	14	5	3										122	28
Walnut																	
Other Broadleave	629	707	101	54	5	4	5	1								170	38
Conifer spp.																	
Total	1611	1572	327	81	12	11	7	3								442	100

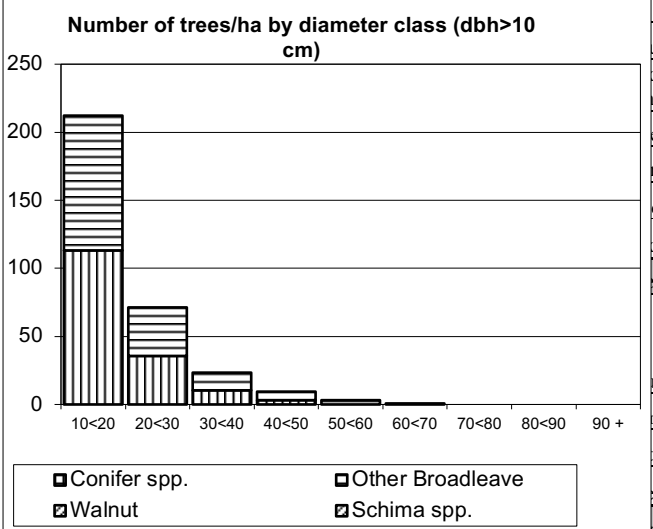
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m ³)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing	30	1	100	58												
	Firewood																
30-49	Cham																
	Firewood																
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	33.3	27															
Thinning	22.2	18															
Felling (firewood)	33.3	27															
Felling (timber)	22.2	18															
No activity	11.1	9															
Assessment carried out by					Lungten Dorji										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Sherabling area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(K)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production	50.0	Protection		In-accessible	25.0	Production	25.0						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	12.0					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	75.4					
							Vconifer %						
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+fir ew.	A	S
							Hemlock		Plantation		Type	%	%
									Natural	100	Firewood	25	50
									Coppice		Bamboo		
									Canopy	%	Cane		
									Dense		Daphne		
									Closed	75			
								100	Open				
									Unstocked	25	Forest Use	I	E
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
												50	0
									Good	13	Grazing	0	0
							nature	88	Average	63	Shokshing		
							ure	13	Poor	25	Lopping		
							rmature		Site Characteristics				
							pe	%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	
							Gentle		Stable		High		
							Moderate	100	Moderate	100	Moderate	100	
							Steep		Unstable		Low		
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													



Michelia spp.																
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.	796	796	113	36	10	3				1					163	51
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	663	619	99	36	13	6	3								157	49
Conifer spp.																
Total	1459	1415	212	71	23	9	3	1							320	100

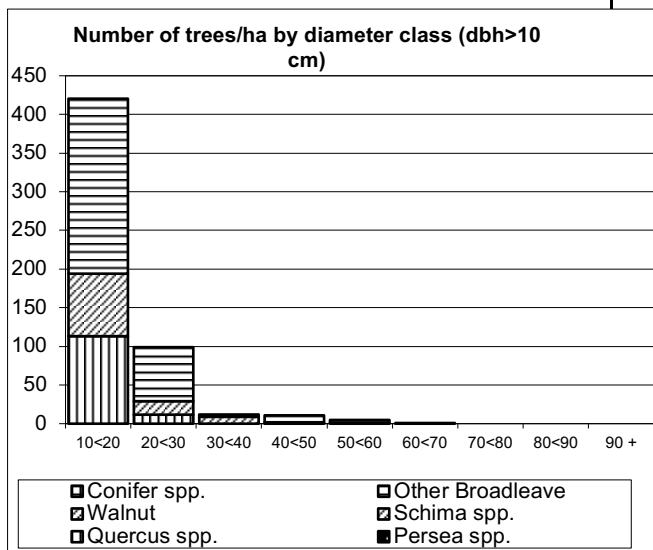
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%	
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
>50	Drashing																
	Firewood	26	1	52	52												
30-49	Cham																
	Firewood	39	2	48	48												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%	
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Planting	25.0	14															
Thinning	37.5	21															
Felling (firewood)	75.0	43															
Felling (timber)	25.0	14															
No activity	12.5	7															
Assessment carried out by					Sangay Wangchuk										Year:	2020	

**Annex 2
Compartment Register**

Sub-Compartment Record													
Geog	Chudzom	Block	Sherabling area	Block No	5	Comp.No	5(M)						
Areas in ha													
Non Production		Protection		In-accessible		Production	43.8						
Forest Composition and Description													
<p>The stand type is even aged which dominated by Albezia species and Alnus in upper area. The Wild life present there are wild pig, Barking deer, and Rhesus Macaque.</p>							Stand data						
							Bas. Area (m2/ha)	16.6					
							Tot. Vol. (m3/ha)	93.8					
							Vconifer %						
							Forest Type	%	Stand Type	%	NWFP+firew.	A	S
							Block		Plantation		Type	%	%
									Natural	100	Firewood		
									Coppice		Bamboo		
									Canopy	%	Cane		
									Dense		Daphne		
									Closed	43			
								100	Open	29			
									Unstocked	29	Forest Use	I	E
							Class	%	Condition	%	Type	%	%
								14	Good		Grazing		
								86	Average	57	Shokshing		
									Poor	43	Lopping		
									Site Characteristics				
								%	Erosiveness	%	Soil Cover	%	
								43	Stable	43	High		
								57	Moderate	57	Moderate	71	
									Unstable		Low	29	
Species	Height 0.3<1.3 m	N/ha per diameter class										Total (> 10cm)	
		<10	10<20	20<30	30<40	40<50	50<60	60<70	70<80	80<90	90+	N/ha	%
Beilschmiedia spp.													
Cinnamomum spp.													
Exbucklandia													
Litsea spp.													
Michelia spp.													
Persea spp.													
Quercus spp.	152	253	113	12								125	23
Schima spp.		152	81	17	9	2	1					110	20



Walnut																
Other Broadleave	303	758	226	70	3	9	4	1							313	57
Conifer spp.																
Total	455	1162	420	99	12	11	5	1							548	100

Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)				No of trees removed each year												Total	%
Product size	N total	N /ha	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029				
>50	Drashing																
	Firewood	158	4	45	311												
30-49	Cham																
	Firewood	366	8	55	376												
20-29	Tsim																
	Firewood																
10-19	Poles, etc.																
	Firewood																
Silvicultural Measures				Area in ha implemented per year												Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029				
Planting																	
Thinning	6.3	33															
Felling (firewood)	6.3	33															
Felling (timber)																	
No activity	6.3	33															
Assessment carried out by			Sangay Wangchuk										Year:	2020			

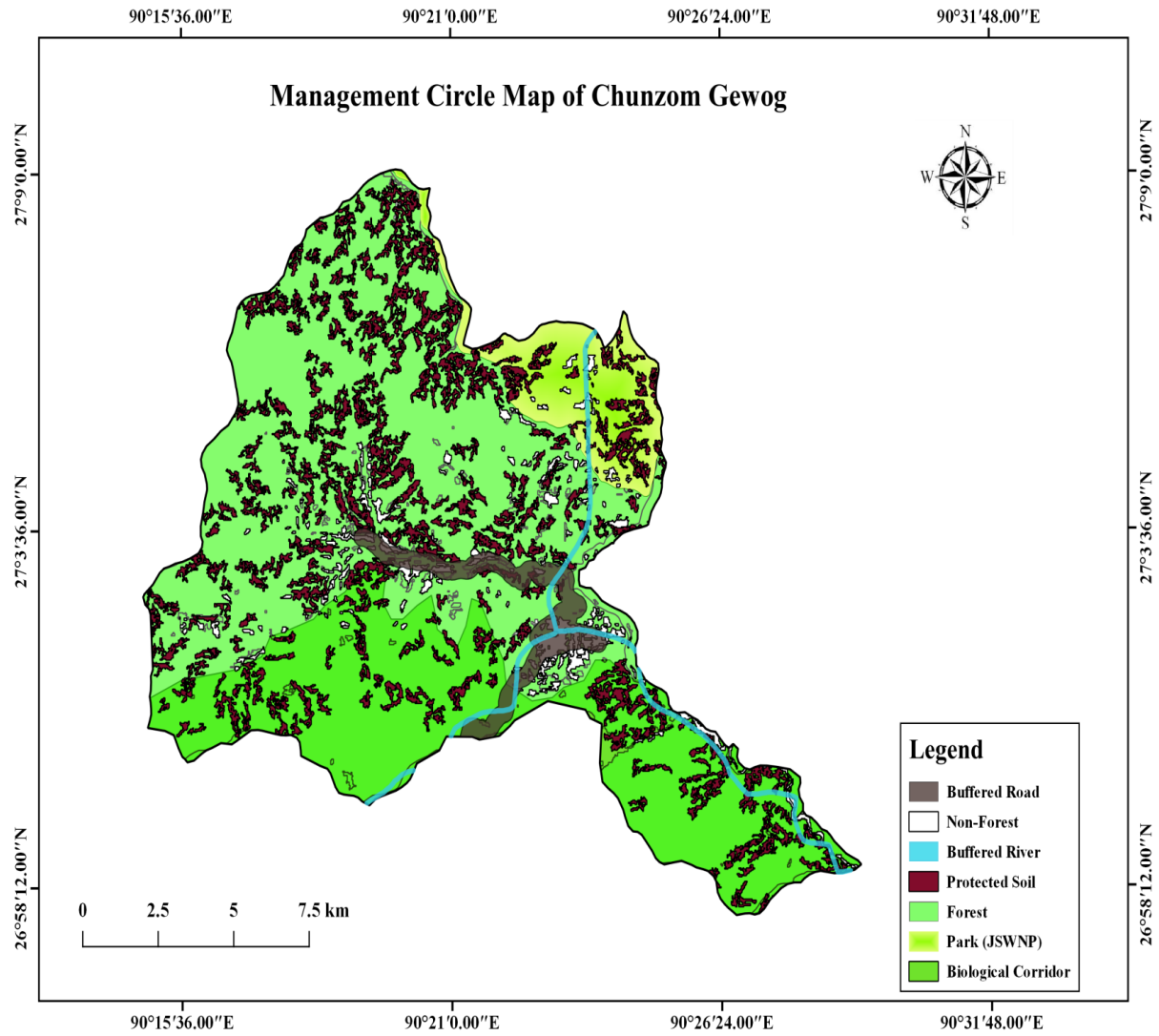
Persea spp.																
Quercus spp.																
Schima spp.																
Walnut																
Other Broadleave	629	727	126	57	22	14	7	3							228	93
Conifer spp.																
Total	629	766	138	61	22	14	7	3							245	100

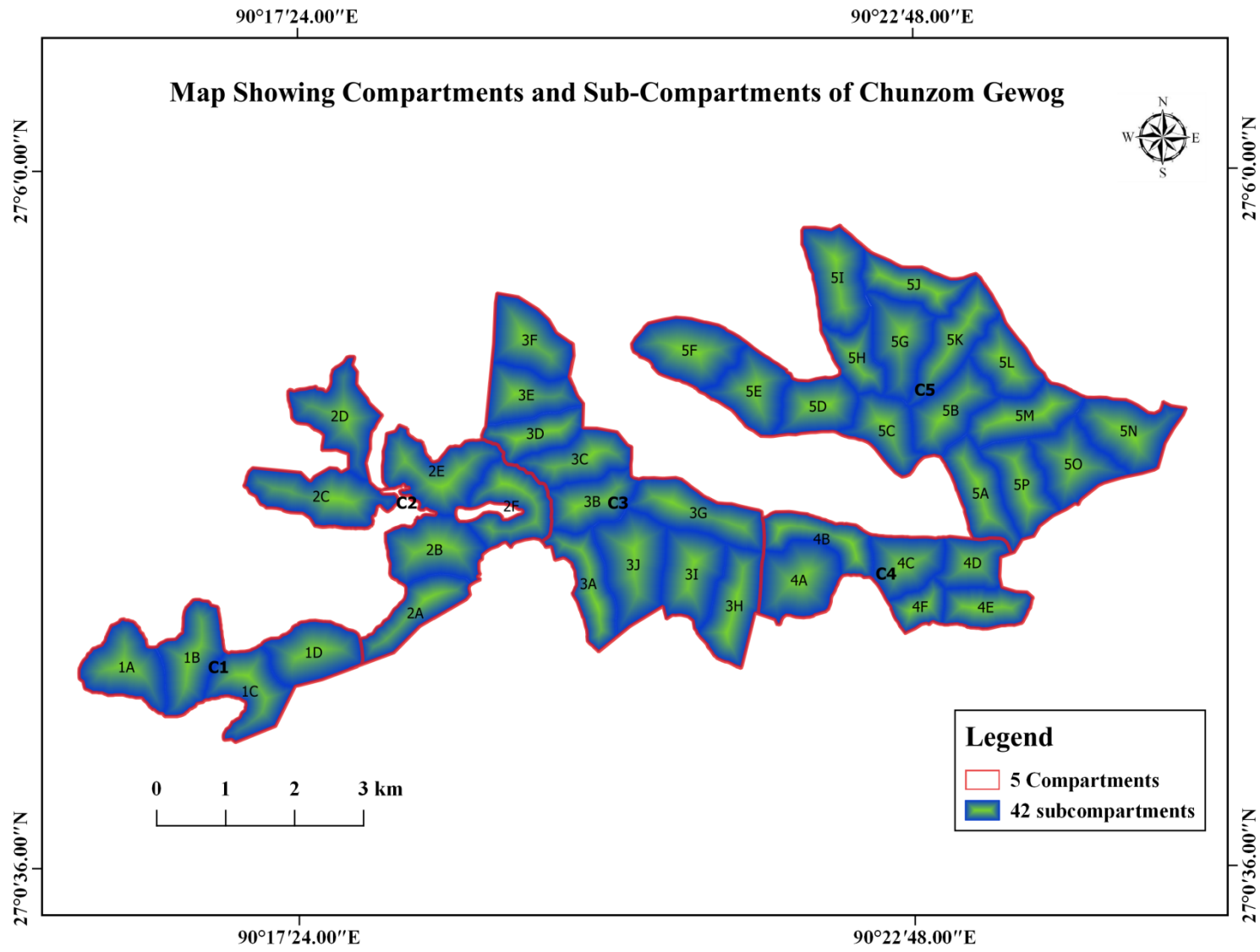
Future Management & Monitoring of Activities

The felling for timber and fire wood can be done in this sub-compartment since it is dominated by Alnus and Albezia species only.

Production Potential (N, Volume)					No of trees removed each year										Total	%
Product size	N total	N /ha	%	(m3)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
>50	Drashing	157	2	60	394											
	Firewood	347	4		767											
30-49	Cham			40												
	Firewood	659	8		759											
20-29	Tsim															
	Firewood															
10-19	Poles, etc.															
	Firewood															
Silvicultural Measures					Area in ha implemented per year										Total	%
Measure	Area (ha)	in %			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
Planting	17.4	7														
Thinning	104.2	40														
Felling (firewood)	26.0	10														
Felling (timber)	104.2	40														
No activity	8.7	3														
Assessment carried out by					Tenzin Jamtsho										Year:	2020

Annex 3 Forest Management Map







དཔལ་ལྷན་ འབྲུག་གཞུང་། རོ་ནམ་དང་ནགས་ཚལ་རྒྱན་ལག། རྒྱལ་ཚལ་དང་སྤོང་ཀ་ཞབས་ཏྲོག་ལས་ཁུངས།
གསར་སྐྱེ་མངའ་སྡེ་ནགས་ཚལ་ཡིག་ཚང་།

Ministry of Agriculture and Forests
Department of Forests and Park Services
Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang



SFD/RAMS/3/2019-20/1618

6th March, 2020

OFFICE ORDER

Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang would like following individuals to proceed for carrying out survey for Local Forest Management Planning under Chudzom gewog, Sarpang with effect from 9th March 2020 till 25th March, 2020. The individuals nominated are:

Sl.no	Name	Remarks
1	Sangay Dorji, SFR-I	Team Leader
2	Chophel, SFR III	
3	Sangay Nidup, SFR III	
4	Tenzin Jamtsho, FR II	
5	Sangay Wangchuk, FR II	
6	Lungten, Sr. Fr	
7	Sonam Penjor, Sr. Fr	
8	Birkha Bahadur Chettri, Sr.Fr	

TADA for the same will be met from the budget available for LFMP within the Division. This is for information and necessary action.


Phub Dhendup,
Chief Forestry Officer.

Chief Forestry Officer
Divisional Forest Office
Sarpang : Bhutan

Copy:

1. Range Officers, Range Office, Gelephu and Sarpang to relieve the above officials.
2. Adm., Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang for information.
3. Accountant, Divisional Forest Office, Sarpang for information.

